

THE CZAR DECIDES TO MAKE CONCESSIONS

WAITING FOR CZAR'S ANSWER.

No Truth in the Story He Will Meet Japanese Minister.

Four Thousand Troops Have Been Sent North From Port Arthur.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 19.—There is no truth in the statement telegraphed to the Cologne Gazette that a personal interview between the czar and the Japanese minister, M. Kurino, had been arranged. It would be most unusual for the czar to give a personal audience to a simple minister, and it is authoritatively denied that such a meeting was ever contemplated.

It is confirmed from a Japanese source that Russia, in notifying Japan of her recognition of treaty rights in Manchuria, expressly excepted the privileges of foreign settlement and it is further said that the United States had been informed that Japan was disposed to contest this point, which is considered vital.

All of the newspapers today published editorials on the mediation situation, and declare such a step is unnecessary.

The press generally admits with some irritation that a great victory has been won by American diplomacy in Manchuria.

FOUR THOUSAND TROOPS.

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 19.—Four thousand troops are to leave here tomorrow, bound northward. Otherwise city life is normal and there has been no exodus of families.

Applications by correspondents desiring to accompany the forces have all been met with a reply that hostilities are not expected, and, therefore, it would be premature to issue permits. The authorities here state definitely that Russia has no intention of desire to interfere in Korea, even should Japan continue to land small bodies of troops there in contravention of the existing treaties, as the Russians assert the Japanese are doing, under the pretext that they are only railway guards.

TEMPERATE CONFIDENCE.

BERLIN, January 19.—The apprehension that there might be war between Japan and Russia, which prevailed at the Foreign Office two or three days last week, has been replaced by temperate confidence that Russia will be able to satisfy Japan.

Although this is the opinion held here today by the Foreign Office, as the Associated Press learns, yet the delicate balance might easily be disturbed by insistence on either side. The official news from St. Petersburg describes the sentiments of the czar's ministers as being for peace. The relative attitude of the two powers is defined as Japan being firm and positive and Russia as being conciliatory. What probably is as suggestive as any portion of the news received by the Foreign Office is that Japan and Russia now exchange ideas informally by telegraph daily.

The intimate relations between Germany and Russia were brought out in the Reichstag today during a discussion over the privileges given to Russian secret agents on this side of the frontier.

KOREA IS PANICKY.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—The only advices from the Far East during the night came from the United States Minister at Seoul. He claimed that Korea is in a panicky condition.

RUSSIA'S REPLY.

LONDON, January 19.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegraph Company from Tokyo says the Russian reply is expected shortly and that it is believed it will make some concessions, but it is doubted whether these will be sufficiently far-reaching.

FIRE IN NEW YORK THEATRE.

NEW YORK, January 19.—The Theatres Theater, on the Bowery, and two adjoining buildings were damaged to the extent of \$12,000 today by a fire which started in the stage box of the theater building. The theater is given over to Yiddish plays. A number of actors and stagehands were at rehearsal in the theater when the fire started, but all escaped unharmed.

HE IS WILLING TO GIVE DOES NOT BELIEVE UP A THRONE. IN WAR



KING PETER OF SERBIA.

King Peter is Tired of Ruling the People of Serbia.

VIENNA, January 19.—King Peter of Serbia, according to a report from Cetinje, Montenegro, published by the Neue Wiener Journal, is prepared to voluntarily renounce the throne and allow the powers to nominate his successor.

The Prince of Montenegro is said to have received a mandate from Russia to clear up the precarious situation in Serbia, and King Peter is alleged to have recognized the unworkability of his position, and to be willing to abdicate. His successor, it is added, will only be permitted to ascend the throne conditionally on his agreeing to punish the leaders of the conspiracy which resulted in the

assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga, removing all those who were directly or indirectly concerned in the regicide.

The statement published by the Neue Wiener Journal is not confirmed, but all reports indicate that affairs in Serbia are steadily growing worse and that they are causing the greatest anxiety in Russia and Austria. The Serbian conspirators are said to be openly threatening to take revenge on Europe by joining in the expected Macedonian outbreak in the spring. The internal side of Serbia is alarming. Outside the towns property is insecure. The roads are infested with brigands.

SAYS EDUCATION IS THE CURSE OF NEGRO.

JACKSON, Miss., January 19.—In his inaugural address, delivered today before a joint session of the Mississippi legislature, James K. Vardaman declared that the growing tendency of the negro to commit assault on white women is nothing more nor less than the manifestation of the racial desire for social equality. In strong terms he declared that education is the curse of the negro race and urged an amendment to the State constitution that will place the distribution of the common school fund solely within the power of the legislature.

Continuing his discussion of the negro question, Governor Vardaman said: "As a race, he is deteriorating morally every day. Time has demonstrated that he is more criminal as a free man than as a slave, that he is increasing in criminality with frightful rapidity being one-third more criminal in 1890 than he was in 1880."

The startling facts revealed by the census show that those who can read and write are more criminal than the illiterates which is true of no other element of our population. I am advised that the minimum illiteracy among the negroes is found in New England, where it is 21.4 per cent. The maximum is found in the black belt—Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina—where it is 65.7 per cent. and yet the Negro in New England is four and one-half times more criminal than the Negro in the black belt.

"In the South, Mississippi particularly, I know he is growing worse every year. You can scarcely pick up a newspaper whose pages are not blackened with the account of an unnumbered crime committed by a negro brute, and this crime, I want to impress upon you, is but the manifestation of the negro's aspiration for social equality, encouraged largely by the character of free education in this country, which the State is levying tribute upon the white people to maintain. "The better class of negroes is not responsible for this terrible condition, nor for the criminal tendency of their race. Nor do I wish to be understood as censuring anybody, nor am I inspired by ill will for the negro, but I am simply calling attention to a most unfortunate and unendurable condition of affairs. What shall be done about it? "My idea is that the character of education for the negro ought to be changed. If, after years of earnest effort and the expenditure of enormous sums of money to educate his head, we have only succeeded in making a criminal out of him and employing his wisdom and efficiency as a laborer, usefulness would suggest that we make another experiment and see if we cannot improve him by educating his hands and his heart. There must be a moral substratum upon which to build or you cannot make him a desirable citizen."

The Governor also declared that the people of the nation should rise up and demand the repeal of the fifteenth article.

TESTIMONY IN POSTAL CASE.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—John A. Clark, a letter carrier testified today in the postal investigation now, in 1895, he was directed to report to Mr. Machen, superintendent of the free delivery, who ordered him to go to Baltimore to explain the working of the Groff fastener. Later, he said, he had been ordered to perform similar work in New York, St. Louis and other cities. On cross-examination by Mrs. Douglas, witness said that he regarded his trips to the various cities for perfectly necessary for the proper installation of the boxes with the Groff fasteners. There was nothing unusual or suspicious or irregular, he said.

about his work. Machen, he said, simply discharged duties of his office as superintendent of the free delivery. Out of the pay for his work, he said, he had paid his own living expenses. The Groff fastener, he said, was a perfectly satisfactory arrangement.

Valley A. Smith, superintendent of city delivery of the Brooklyn Postoffice, was next called. While in Machen's office in 1895, he said, he had been shown a number of fasteners and had pronounced it most satisfactory. Later, he said, a number of the fasteners were shipped to his office.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

PONDA, N. Y., January 19.—All records for cold weather have been broken in the Mohawk Valley, the official thermometer registering 33 degrees below zero here today. Trains from the New York Central were from two to three hours late. Telephone and telegraph companies were badly crippled.

U. S. Minister Declares Colombia Will Not Fight.

Says Things Will be Peaceful and we Will Have Canal.

CHICAGO, January 19.—Arthur M. Beaupre, United States minister to Colombia, said today that there would be no war between the United States and that country, but that the little Spanish insular possessions would be amicably arranged. Mr. Beaupre arrived in Chicago from Washington to visit relatives. He said: "I do not want to say anything about the feeling in Colombia at the present time. I will say this: "I don't believe there will be any war. Matters are going to be amicably arranged, and we will unquestionably have the Panama canal. Everything will be peaceful."

"So far as the situation in South America is concerned, I want to say that the messages of the President to Congress and the correspondence of the Secretary of State with the Colombian minister in Washington, so clearly and fully present the facts that there is no necessity of my discussing it."

MANY LOST THEIR LIVES.

BURSTING DAM IN ELOEMFONTEIN CAUSES MUCH DAMAGE.

BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange River Colony, January 19.—It is now estimated that sixty persons were drowned as a result of the bursting of a reservoir here Sunday, which also destroyed 178 houses and three hotels.

There was a public funeral and interment today of twenty-three of the bodies already recovered. The ceremonies were attended by all the local officials and 2000 inhabitants. The shops were closed and the town is in mourning.

CANNOT PLAY WITH PROFIT.

CHICAGO MANAGERS ARE NOT PLEASED WITH THE SITUATION.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Chicago theater managers take an extremely pessimistic view of the situation created by the action of the City Council, which has finally adopted a stringent theater law. The announcement was made today at nearly a very playhouse under the new ordinance there is no hope of continuing in business. The retroactive provisions of the measure put the older theaters beyond the hope of again opening their doors. The improvements and alterations required will make it impossible, the managers say, to operate with a profit.

Without the galleries, it is claimed, no theater in Chicago can do more than pay expenses. The books of several managers, it is claimed, show that with the revenue from the top floor eliminated, the receipts would fall below the expenses. The change of "rise" in the gallery seats, it is said, would mean a virtual reconstruction of every theater in the city.

DELINQUENCY CAUSES MUCH CRITICISM.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 19.—The delinquency of locals in the three anthracite districts is the cause of much criticism among the bituminous miners in session here. They are reported as in arrears for two or more months and not entitled to vote in convention. Some of these miners settled with the credentials committee and will be represented in convention, but there still remains a large number of anthracite to be in bad stand-

CHAMBERLAIN IS GIVEN THE FAIR CASE AGAIN.

He Wants London to Continue to Remain Clearing House of the World.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The Guild Hall was packed to suffocation today to hear Joseph Chamberlain speak. Mr. Chamberlain, who was accompanied by his wife, received a great ovation. He began by declaring that the provincial centers of commerce of the United Kingdom had been heard from in regard to his tariff proposals, but the views of the citizens of London were not yet known. He desired to ascertain how the city men felt on the subject of his scheme before the opening of parliament, but he regretted that owing to its non-political character, the meeting would not have the opportunity of voting directly for or against him.

Mr. Chamberlain, who said he believed the same arguments he used in the provinces would apply equally to imperialistic London, then proceeded to reiterate his well-known fiscal views. He pointed out that while London was now the clearing-house of the world, he doubted if that position could be maintained if the ancient fiscal superstitions were to be upheld. Before it was too late, a lesson should be learned from the fate of Venice, Holland and the Hanseatic States, whose greatness had vanished because they have no productive and creative energy behind them. London would no longer be the world's clearinghouse if Great Britain's present relations with her colonies and the great neutral countries of the world were not improved. His opponents claimed that the recent Board of Trade returns destroyed his contentions, but he intended to base his future arguments on those returns, as they proved that the growth of foreign exportations in the British colonies had greatly exceeded the growth of exportations from the motherland. The position of Great Britain was deteriorating and though he anticipated no immediate catastrophe, the situation called loudly for some remedy. The lessons of the past must be applied, and the framework of a new empire must be built up under new conditions, by adopting the protective policy adopted by every civilized nation and creating new bonds of union with the Colonies.

Although no vote of confidence was permitted, the cheers which greeted his speech at the conclusion of his remarks, must have assured the former Colonial Secretary that he had the full sympathy of his audience.

BODILY CHASTISEMENT IS CAUSE OF REBELLION.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—The bills authorizing supplementary credits of \$205,300 for German South Africa, made necessary by the dispatch of reinforcements of troops to Southwest Africa, owing to the revolt of the Hereros, passed their first and second readings in the Reichstag today. Dr. Steubel, director of the Colonial Department of the Foreign Office, in the Reichstag today, made full exposure of the government's information about the Hereros rising. He said the rising of the Bondelswarts tribesmen had unquestionably been ended between the 6th and 10th of January, but at the same time came the first news of the movement in Central Southwest Africa. A telegram arrived January 11th from Windhoek saying that Okaharaja had been occupied by natives and that telegraphic connection with Windhoek and Swakopmund was cut off. The government immediately dispatched a relief column by railroad from Swakopmund but it is not known how far it got. The relief of Otyumbung, a mission station south of Windhoek, which was also occupied by natives, was attempted from Karibib, and forces had just been sent to protect the railroad station at Karibib, which had been placed in a defensive position. One German soldier in the northern portion of the Hereros territory was also besieged. The natives had secured tropical uniforms from a shop at Johann Albrechtsheide which they had plundered. Dr. Steubel added that he regarded the situation as being extremely grave. The acting Governor of German Southwest Africa was demanding a battalion of field artillery. The territory involved in the rising embraced a population of 1642 whites. The "fundamental cause of the revolt was the inability of the natives to forget their former freedom. The Germans had been accustomed to regard the Hereros

as allies against the Witboys. The Hereros remained loyal in 1896, when the first rising was suppressed. "Nevertheless," Dr. Steubel continued, "the Hereros remained enemies of political and social order, which the Germans were striving to introduce. Moreover, with the railroad came additional armies and the dispossession of natives, through the purchase of a short repurchase term for land bought by natives, but the interests of the settlers and natives conflicted in many respects. Apparently the present rising had been planned long ago and had been kept secret."

"It was significant," continued Dr. Steubel, "that numerous laborers employed in the Transvaal mines, on learning of the Bondelswarts uprising, turned to participate in it. The farmers and missionaries were completely surprised. The rising proved the necessity for disarming the natives."

Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, said he was not opposed to speedy action. He explained that similar risings had characterized colonization as practiced by the civilized nations throughout the world's history, and quoted from a letter from Southwest Africa, saying that if the Hereros began a struggle it would be in desperation. Herr Bebel added that he believed the Hereros had sufficient reasons for desperation. Missionary reports complained of the furtherance of immorality and drunkenness by the settlers, and an additional cause for desperation was the freedom which the natives had gained by the practice of the Hereros.

Pending the arrival of more exact information, the Socialists would abstain from voting, without prejudice to the general opposition to the colonial policy.

Leaders of other parties briefly declared their readiness to support the supplementary estimates, reserving their criticism for a more seemly occasion.

HOMELESS AND POOR ARE SUFFERING FROM COLD.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Intensely cold weather last night and today caused suffering all over the city among the homeless and poor, and the temperature, below zero, brought conditions of extreme discomfort for all whose duties called them into the open air. The police were kept busy caring for unfortunate; several of whom were found unconscious, one in a dying condition.

The temperature began to drop suddenly last evening, passing: zero during the night, and at 8 a. m., one below zero was registered at the Weather Bureau, much lower temperatures prevailing in more exposed portions of the city. Firemen were greatly handicapped in their work today by the intense cold and the bursting of hoses.

Dispatches from all over the State report extremely cold weather, the thermometer going as low as 40 degrees below zero in the central part of the State.

New Haven, with thirteen passengers and freight, ran into ice or some sunken obstruction while off Bridgeport today and sank on the mud flats after being towed into this harbor. Her passengers were taken off safely.

NEW ENGLAND IS COLD.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., January 19.—Extreme cold weather prevails in Connecticut today. The thermometer here equals the lowest official record of the season, six degrees below zero. Much lower thermometer readings were reported from outside points, especially from the Litchfield hills, where it was 24 to 27 below.

EASTERN WEATHER.

CHICAGO, January 19.—Temperatures at 7 a. m.: Boston, 4 below; New York, Philadelphia and Washington, 3; Chicago, Cincinnati, 20; Minneapolis, 24; St. Louis, 36.

STEAMER SUNK.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., January 19.—The steamer John H. Starin of the Starin line, bound from New York to

Contest Opens In San Francisco By Taking Testimony.

Arrangements for Funeral Were Made by Herman Oelrichs.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 19.—The taking of depositions in the Fair will case of witnesses residing in this city was begun today in the offices of John A. Hosmer, commissioner for the State of New York.

Samuel A. White, the undertaker, who superintended the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair in this city on September 12, 1902, deposed that the arrangements for the funeral were made by Herman Oelrichs.

On the arrival of the bodies at the undertaking parlors, a post mortem examination was held on both the bodies by Doctors Galloway and Williamson and shortly afterward they were placed in the family vault at Laurel Hill cemetery.

The hearing was continued until tomorrow.

ARCHDUKE WILL MARRY.

FALLS IN LOVE WITH A YOUNG WOMAN NOT IN HIS SET.

VIENNA, Jan. 19.—According to Die Zeitung, Archduke Ferdinand Charles, nephew of Emperor Francis Joseph and brother of the heir presumptive to the throne, Archduke Francis Ferdinand, is about to marry the daughter of Herr Emanuel Gubler, professor of mathematics at Vienna University. The archduke became acquainted with the professor's daughter at Prague, where the professor's daughter was commander of an infantry brigade. The relatives of both parties are said to be making strenuous endeavors to induce the archduke to abandon his intention, but he is of a decisive character, and it is difficult to move him from a position he has once adopted. The intended bride is twenty-three years of age. The archduke has been prominent in Viennese society, is very cultured and is a clever amateur actor, and it is believed that if he marries he will follow the example of Leopold of Tuscany, formerly archduke Leopold of Tuscany, who married Mile. Adamovich, a dancer, and renounced the dignity of the Archduke.

DEMOCRATS TO TALK OF PANAMA.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—A conference of the Democratic Senators to discuss the Panama situation was held today. More than two hours were consumed in consideration of the various plans suggested of getting full information concerning the alleged participation by the United States officials in the revolution on the isthmus. Nearly every Senator spoke and it was the unanimous opinion that the Republican Senators are in possession of facts which have been withheld from the Democrats. Despite this feeling it was agreed there is no way the canal treaty can be defeated in the Senate. It was admitted that a number of Democrats must vote for ratification of the convention, and their geographical position and the consequent commercial conditions demand it.

TRIAL DELAYED.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., January 19.—The resumption of the Bechtel trial today was delayed owing to the inability of three jurors to reach the city because of the bitter cold weather which interfered with the trolley service. Two of the jurors were compelled to walk a distance of six miles. The ear of one was frozen and the hands of the other were frost-bitten, requiring medical attention.

NINETY CENTS EQUALS ONE DOLLAR DURING JANUARY

The Last of the WINTER HATS Have Been REDUCED ONE-HALF And More

Irrespective of price, the last of the winter hats must go. Cost has not been considered. Everywhere reductions of one-half and more have been made.

Ready-to-Wear Hats

The examples given below are indicative of the reductions made on our entire stock of ready-to-wear, walking and tailor hats, hats which bear the names of Phipps & Atchison and other famous makers.

\$3.50 HATS Hats of brown or black felt, trimmed with white cord, velvet knot and quill. **For \$1.50**

\$5.50 HATS Eighteen styles in felt, scratch felt, velvet and plush, trimmed with pompons, quills, velvet or silk—were \$4.75, \$5.50, \$6.50 and \$7.50. **For \$2.50**

\$7.00 HATS Hats of velvet and chenille in blue and brown, trimmed with coque feathers. **For \$2.50**

\$8.50 HATS Hats of felt and plush, with white or black pompons and velvet ribbon trimming. **For \$4.00**

Pattern Hats

A few patterns obtained from New York and French milliners remain in our show cases. These hats may be had at about

HALF-PRICE

TAFT & PENNOYER
Broadway Fourteenth

FOUND DEAD ON SIDEWALK.

GREWSOME FIND MADE AT
WEST BERKELEY THIS
MORNING.

BERKELEY, January 18.—The dead body of a laborer, said to be Patrick Murphy, was found lying on the sidewalk opposite the San Pablo school-house at an early hour this morning. The grewsome find was made by Edward White, an employee of the Oakland Transit Company, as he was passing along San Pablo avenue, near Virginia street, while on his way to work shortly before 7 o'clock. From all appearances the man, who is said to have been drinking last night, having no place to sleep, lay down by the fence and died of exposure. He was about 40 years of age and wore a well-worn suit of black clothes.

Joseph Rappeller, proprietor of the American Brewery, said that Murphy was employed by the Stone Company on the new Santa Fe Railroad work in West Berkeley, but that he had been laid off with the rest of the men because of the wet weather.

Tom Hendrickson, whose home is in West Berkeley, says he saw Murphy last night at about 6 o'clock considerably in-

der the influence of liquor. He was then looking for Peterson's saloon. Marshal Kerns is investigating the case but so far there seems to be no evidence of foul play. On the person of the dead man was found a small pair of scissors, a bottle of glue, a spool of thread and a cent. He also had a package of colored papers, evidently to be used for making fancy articles to be sold from house to house.

POSTMASTER TELLS OF NEW DIRECTORY.

The new directory of the city of Oakland is now out and in use by the Postoffice. The old directory will be discarded on and after February 10th next, and, necessarily, all orders and changes of address heretofore given in it will become obsolete.

The public are therefore urged to request to examine the new city directory and see if their names are printed therein with correct address, and if any find that their names are not so printed they are urged to call at the Postoffice, or upon their carrier, and fill out and send or hand in address cards so that their names and addresses may be added.

T. T. DARGIE,
Postmaster.

FOUND NOT GUILTY.

David Cramer of East Oakland was found not guilty this morning of disturbing the peace of John L. Buckley, and was dismissed by Judge Smith.

Every Saturday Evening This Bank Will Keep Open

from 7 to 9 o'clock

Commercial and Savings deposits received, checks paid, and business transacted in every department of the Bank the same as during any other business hour of the week.

Commercial Department Savings Department
Exchange Department Loan Department
Safe Deposit Vaults

all will be open for the accommodation of our customers.

THE OAKLAND BANK OF SAVINGS

BROADWAY AND TWELFTH

Resources - \$11,000,000.00
Cash and United States Bonds 3,286,000.00

ISAAC L. REQUA, President
HENRY ROGERS, Vice President

W. W. GARTHWAY, Cashier
E. C. HARRIS, Assistant Cashier

STOCK MARKET

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The following quotations up to noon today are given by Bolton, de Ruyster & Co., of 430 California street:

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.	
Bay Coun Power Co 5%.....	102 1/2
Mkt St Ry 1st Cons Mfg 5%.....	112 1/2
Northern Ry of Cal 5%.....	117 1/2
Oceanic S S Co 5%.....	103 1/2
S P RR of Cal 1903 5%.....	103 1/2
S P RR of Cal 1912 5%.....	103 1/2
S P Branch Ry of Cal 5%.....	103 1/2
Spring Val Wt 24 Mfg 4%.....	95 1/2
Spring Val Wt 30 Mfg 4%.....	85 1/2
WATER STOCKS.	
Centra Costa.....	40
Spring Valley.....	39 1/2
INSURANCE STOCKS.	
Fireman's Fund Ins Co.....	250
BANK STOCKS.	
Anglo-Cal Bank 5% paid.....	89 1/2
Marquette Trust Co.....	240
SAVINGS BANK STOCKS.	
San Fran Savings Union.....	620
Savings & Loan Society.....	95
POWDER STOCKS.	
Giant.....	60
SUGAR STOCKS.	
Hawaiian Com & Sugar Co.....	43 1/2
Honolulu Sugar Co.....	12 1/2
Hutchinson Sugar Plan Co.....	8 1/2
Moscow Sugar Co.....	20
Onomaha Sugar Co.....	30
GAS AND ELECTRIC STOCKS.	
Gen Light & Power Co.....	35 1/2
San Fran Gas & Elec Co.....	58 1/2
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.	
Alaska Packers Assn.....	130
Cal Fruit Cannery Assn.....	84 1/2
Cul Wine Assn.....	94 1/2
Oceanic Steamship Co.....	42 1/2
SALES.	
5m Mkt St 5%.....	114 1/2
15m Spring Valley 2nd.....	89 1/2
15m Anglo Cal Bank.....	90
5m Spring Valley 3ds.....	89 1/2
20 Spring Valley 4th.....	89 1/2
40 Cal Wine Assn.....	95
50 Gas & Electric.....	67 1/2
150 Gas & Electric.....	68
110 C. C. Ward.....	84 1/2
25 Cal Fruit Assn.....	85

A CANDY FIRM THAT PROSPERS.

The well known local candy firm of Keller & Stulz have again demonstrated that they have the facilities for making candy of every description and by expert candymakers also. Their latest innovation is to put on the market chocolate cream cakes wrapped in paper with a silk band around them. This band is valuable to the girls and boys for every band returned to Keller & Stulz at their factory on Seventh street, opposite Broadway depot, they will be allowed one-half cent in merchandise for example 100 bands represents 50 cents. You can select that amount in stock. All first-class retail dealers handle the candy made by the popular firm. Ask for Keller & Stulz sweetmeats and you get the best. Their chocolate cream cakes will undoubtedly prove a big success. Try them and you'll find them superior to any other kind made.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Receiver of Public Money—Albert A. Roberts, at La Grande, Oregon.

POSTMASTERS.

California—John W. Wood, Pasadena; E. T. Ketchum, Santa Maria; Oregon—A. M. Woodford, Medford.

LOANED COMPANY MILLIONS.

WHITAKER WRIGHT ON STAND
ON HIS OWN
BEHALF.

LONDON, January 19.—There was a general crush in court and a buzz of anticipation when Whitaker Wright, the company promoter on trial on the charge of fraud, entered the witness box today. The former financier was composed and answered questions firmly. He first related the story of his life in America, and then told of the foundation of the London and Globe Corporation, which, he declared, was prosperous until the end of 1889, after the South African war had started, when matters became disastrous. The witness added that he assisted the company out of his private pocket, lending it between \$2,000,000 and \$2,500,000. Previous to this he had prepared a settlement of \$1,500,000 on his family, giving \$500,000 to each of his children, but one day in 1889, the company's accountant informed him that he must have \$1,500,000 or the company would be obliged to suspend. The witness said he supplied the money and, consequently, the settlement on his family was never carried out.

Wright admitted that he only held \$2,500 shares of the London and Globe Corporation at the time of the crash, and said he tried to induce the late Lord Dufferin to resign his directorship because the newspapers attacked him over Lord Dufferin's shoulders. The witness had intended to Lord Dufferin that the position of chairman of a speculative company was not dignified, but Lord Dufferin replied that he was well satisfied, and that he wished to retain the position.

OLD SUIT FOR DIVORCE GRANTED.

After being on the calendar of the courts of this county for four or five years, Judge Hall this morning rendered an interlocutory decree of divorce in the case of G. L. Noble against Harrie R. Noble. Both parties to the suit at the present time are in the State of New York and in order that the case might finally be determined their depositions were taken, and sent on here.

Noble was an agent for an Indianapolis book concern here several years ago and brought suit against his wife for desertion. This was denied and Mrs. Noble pressed the suit from her side. It was shown that he had traveled to this coast while the judge stated there was no evidence to show that there was anything improper in their relations he certainly showed that he enjoyed the society of the woman rather than his wife.

PARDEE ISSUES WARRANTS.

SACRAMENTO, January 18.—Governor Pardee today issued warrants for the arrest of James W. Simpson and James R. Coffey. Simpson is under arrest in Petaluma for the crime of grand larceny committed in Idaho. Coffey was convicted of murder in Arkansas and sentenced to life in prison. He has a farm in California and has been living in Kern county. He has a brother-in-law recently and this led to his capture. His brother-in-law now is in the hands of the police here in order to get even.

JORGENSEN IS GUILTY.

HE IS SENTENCED TO SERVE
ONE YEAR IN
PRISON.

Word received here today by Attorney J. C. Scott from Denmark, states that Julius Jorgensen, who was captured here as an absconder of the crime and sentenced to one year in prison. By the laws of Denmark his imprisonment begins from the time he was taken into custody. Instead of upon his conviction as here. His year is already nearly up and in a few months he will be at liberty.

While credited with being a bank clerk, Jorgensen, in reality, was a confidential man for the firm of J. H. Lange and Company, store founders. He left Denmark for a summer vacation and took with him about \$8000 of the firm's money. At the same time Johanna Mueller, a stenographer in the employ of the firm, also asked for a vacation and accompanied him. They were Jorgensen's two children, fled to this country. They traveled about for some weeks, but were finally traced to Berkeley by their trunk.

There is still \$2300 of the money alleged to have been stolen by Jorgensen in the bank here, while the attorney now holds his right and title to it. From the meager reports received it looks as though judgment had been given against Jorgensen personally for the amount he stole. As he has nothing the lawyers here believe that they are in a fair way of getting payment for their work here out of the money in the bank.

Johanna Mueller, while he was still here, gave birth to a child and remained here, as there was no proof that she was cognizant of the fact that Jorgensen had stolen the money. She is waiting for Jorgensen to come back, which he promised to do. Jorgensen's wife in Denmark has been granted a divorce from him.

Salinger's GREAT 25c. SALE For Values Ranging up to \$3.00

Today—Tomorrow
and every day this week.

25c in FANCY GOODS DEPT—values up to 75c.
25c in GROCERIES DEPT—values up to 50c.
25c in SILKS—values up to \$1.00 yard.
25c in AGATE WARE—values up to \$1.00.
25c in HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR—values up to \$1.50.
25c in WASH GOODS—values up to 50c.
25c in CORSETS AND MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—values up to \$3.00.
25c Linens—values to 50c.
25c Dress Goods—values up to \$1.00.

The Above Goods are on Display in 15 Show Windows—Eleventh Street Side.

Did you See BURT?
the world-renowned artist?
Exhibitions daily from 10 to 12 and 2 to 4 o'clock.

SALINGER'S
S. W. COR.
11th and Washington Street
The House That Saves
You Money

Ladies, Attention!
Original and only genuine French Tan. Wafers for sale by leading druggists, \$2 per box. Accept no substitute.
SPECIAL AGENT, 7th St. and Broadway.

Too Late for Classification

WANTED—Smart and tidy boy about 17 years of age as bell boy. Hotel Metropolitan, 13th and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—Women: light work; salary: Call after 9 o'clock 456 8th st., room 8.

RELIABLE laundress wishes laundering to do at home; infants and children's garments a specialty. Address E. Fox, 112, Tribune Office.

TWO convenient housekeeping rooms, 678 14th st.

ASSISTANT or upstairs girl for \$15. Call at 1742 Derby st., Berkeley, or phone Mason 1527.

MIDDLE-AGED woman wants situation in small family as housekeeper or cook. Address, stating particulars, Box 1014, Tribune Office.

TWO furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 1238 14th st., near Adeline.

LADY having new sunny home would rent housekeeping accommodations to refined couple; no children; reasonable walking distance to business center.

LOST—Saturday, Jan. 16, lady's gold watch chain, guard with pearls and opal. Return to 417 1st st., Newark.

FIVE rooms, furnished complete for housekeeping; large grounds; select neighborhood; very reasonable. Address Box 1014, Tribune Office.

BRIBERY CASE.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., January 18.—Ex-City Clerk Isaac F. Lamoreaux was called as a witness by the Prosecution today in the trial of ex-Alderman Ellen for accepting a bribe to aid the Lake Michigan Water Canal in the court. He refused to go into the stand. He, however, promised that he would not say anything about the water deal, and afterward Salisbury, who asked him to go in, gave him \$1,500.

\$100 Reward, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DIED.

WEST—In Alameda, January 17, 1904, Amanda M., wife of Myers Burton West and mother of Zena A., Della E. and Myrtle Burton West. A native of Delaware, and 48 years, 11 months and 21 days.

Funeral will take place tomorrow (Wednesday), January 20, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., from the parlors of Albert Brown, 572 Thirteenth street, Oakland. Interment private.

CASORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Signature
TACOMA CLUB.

TACOMA, Wash., January 18.—The Tacoma baseball club of the Pacific Coast League was organized today with a capital stock of \$8000 subscribed by five directors.

R. L. Davis was elected president and M. A. Fisher secretary.

Dissolution Piano Sale

THE HAUSCHILDT-POTTER COMPANY DISSOLVING PARTNERSHIP

Entire Stock of High-Class New Pianos, also Some
Piano Players, to be Closed Out at Factory Cost,
by S. A. Potter, Surviving Partner

Prices and Particulars: Easy Terms of Payments for
Those Not Desiring to Pay Cash.

If you are thinking of buying a fine piano or organ within the next year or two, you now have the most extraordinary opportunity to secure a good instrument at a big saving in price.

Owing to dissolution of partnership and to settle the affairs of the old company, within the next ten days, we propose to close out every instrument in this stock, consisting of the choicest high grade instruments to be seen in the city, at actual factory cost.

We offer tomorrow the largest walnut or mahogany-cased Wheeler upright piano, brand new and guaranteed, and which piano have been sold heretofore for less than \$250 or \$300, take them now for \$117.50 and \$133.

Brand new Hoffman uprights in mahogany cases that sell ordinarily from \$300 to \$350, go now for \$162.

The famous Newmann Brothers uprights, retail values \$400 and \$450, go now for \$182 and \$198.

In the stock there are two very fancy upright pianos and one in latest Colonial design on which the factory cost slightly exceeds \$300.

On these terms of payment will be \$50 down and \$12 a month.

All other instruments may be had for as little as \$10 down and \$5 or \$6 a month.

Do not miss this sale if the saving of money is an object. Our loss is your gain.

A number of the latest Piano Players such as are sold for \$250 by dealers, will be closed out at \$145 including \$10 worth of music with each one.

Regular five years' written guarantees will accompany each instrument sold, fully endorsed by S. A. Potter, surviving partner, thus making these instruments as safe to buy as government bonds, and if you have any possible use for a piano, come to us; but do not delay for within ten days these instruments will all be sold and there will be no more.

A number of used pianos of odd makes will also be included, at less than one-half their regular retail value, on terms of payment of \$4 or \$5 per month.

This sale as above will be held at the former salesrooms of the Hauschildt-Potter Company

**916 Broadway, Between Eighth and
Ninth Streets, Oakland, Commencing
Tuesday Morning**

and if everyone in Oakland could realize the situation as it is, nothing would be left for sale Wednesday.

Store open day and night until stock is closed out.
S. A. POTTER, Surviving Partner

CLEARANCE SALE FOR 3 WEEKS ONLY IMMENSE REDUCTION Ladies' Waists, Skirts, Underwear ETC.

All goods of our own manufacture. Ladies cordially invited to see our stock.

LUNG SUNG & CO. 959 BROADWAY
BET. NINTH AND TENTH

MUSLIN Underwear Sale

OUR FIRST MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE IN OUR NEW
STORE—SUCH BARGAINS HAVE NEVER BEEN SHOWN AND
WE HAVE SO MANY WE COULD NOT DESCRIBE THEM.

Just a Few of Our Many Bargains:

Gowns
Made of good heavy muslin: high neck yoke trimmed with two clusters of fine tucks and two of embroidery insertion; ruffled embroidery; trimmed neck, front and cuffs; good value at 75c each
Sale Price 50c each

Gowns
Made of good heavy Muslin: V neck; also square neck yoke trimmed with two rows of val lace insertion and two clusters of fine tucks; ruffled val lace trimmed neck; front and cuffs; good value at 85c.
Sale Price 59c each

Gowns
Empire high or low neck styles; are very elaborately trimmed with embroidery. You will have to see them to appreciate their value. Not one in the lot worth less than one dollar.
Sale Price 75c

White Skirts
made of fine cambric with a twenty-two inch lawn flounce; made of fine lawn trimmed with four clusters of fine hemstitching, two rows of heavy torchon lace insertion; deep lace ruffle on bottom.
Sale Price \$1.25 each

White Skirts
made of fine cambric with twenty-inch lawn flounce trimmed with two clusters of fine hemstitching; eight-inch embroidery ruffle on bottom; all skirts have dust ruffles and extra wide.
Sale Price \$1.50 each

See our Corset Covers—largest assortment in Oakland. See our Muslin Drawers—price 25c, 35c, 49c, and 50c per pair.

Crescent Corset Co.

SUBSIDIARY TO
FREUD'S CORSET HOUSE
SAN FRANCISCO AND OAKLAND

463 THIRTEENTH STREET, OAKLAND.

A. B. C. BOHEMIAN "KING OF ALL BOTTLED BEERS"~ SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE BAY CITIES WATER SCHEME IS NOT FEASIBLE.

Engineer Fitzgerald Says Proposed Supply is Inadequate and Uncertain—Special Water Committee Recommends Lease of Contra Costa Plant for Twenty Years—President Dingee Offers to Submit Lease Proposition to Arbitration.

AT THE MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL LAST NIGHT THE LONG-LOOKED-FOR REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON WATER SUPPLY, COMPRISING MESSRS. HOWARD, DORNIN, CUVELLIER, PENDLETON, AND ELLIOT, WAS READ BY CHAIRMAN HOWARD. IT RECOMMENDED THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE OFFER OF PRESIDENT W. J. DINGEE OF THE CONTRA COSTA WATER COMPANY TO RENT THE WATER PLANT TO THE CITY OF OAKLAND FOR TWENTY YEARS, AT A RENTAL PER ANNUM OF 5 PER CENT, ON A VALUATION OF THE PROPERTY TO BE ESTABLISHED BY A COMMISSION OF THREE, ONE OF THE MEMBERS OF WHICH IS TO BE APPOINTED BY THE WATER COMPANY, ANOTHER BY THE COUNCIL AND THE THIRD TO BE CHOSEN BY THESE TWO. MR. DINGEE AGREES TO SELL THE PLANT FOR THE VALUATION REACHED BY THE COMMISSION.

THE COUNCIL FAVORED THE RECOMMENDATION AND ADOPTED A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE OF THREE, OF WHICH THE PRESIDENT IS TO BE ONE, TO SELECT A WATER WORKS EXPERT TO ACT AS AN APPRAISER IN THE VALUATION OF THE CONTRA COSTA WATER COMPANY'S PLANT, AND REPRESENTING THE CITY AS SUGGESTED BY PRESIDENT DINGEE.

A RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED REQUESTING THE BAY CITIES WATER COMPANY TO SEND IN ANOTHER PROPOSITION TO SUPPLY OAKLAND WITH WATER, TO TAKE THE PLACE OF THE PROPOSITION RECENTLY WITHDRAWN BY THE SAME COMPANY.

THE COUNCILMEMEN PRESENT WERE CUVELLIER, ELLIOTT, HOWARD, M'ADAM, MESE, PENDLETON, WALLACE AND DORNIN.

THOSE ABSENT WERE AITKEN, BACCUS AND FITZGERALD. THE LOBBY CONTAINED QUITE A NUMBER OF PEOPLE, MOST OF WHOM, HOWEVER, WERE INTERESTED IN THE CREMATORY PROPOSITION.

THE WATER RESOLUTIONS WERE UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED.

MR. HOWARD'S REPORT IS AS FOLLOWS:

OAKLAND, January 18, 1904.—To the Council of the City of Oakland:—The Special Committee submitting this report was constituted by Resolution No. 28,126, adopted April 6, 1903, viz:

"Resolved, That a Special Committee, consisting of the President of the Council and the Chairman of each of the following Committees, to-wit: Auditing and Finance, Ordinance and Judiciary, Fire and Water, be and is hereby appointed to confer with the Board of Public Works and report to the Council, a plan whereby there may be submitted to the qualified electors of the City of Oakland a proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness for the purpose of providing for municipal water system, water supply, and such other municipal improvements as public interests may require."

"And by a motion adopted April 13, 1903, viz:

"Councilman Cuvellier then arose and moved that the Chairman (Councilman Pendleton) of the Public Improvement Committee be added to the committee authorized by resolution No. 28,126 to confer with the Board of Public Works in the matter of submitting propositions to be voted for at a bond election. No objections, so ordered."

MAYOR ON WATER SUBJECT.

"The Committee organized and appointed sub-committees to consider the various projects for public improvement, but, because at that time the Mayor was conducting negotiations looking to a water supply, that subject was left to him, and, on August 17, 1903, he reported the results of his investigation in a message to the Council as per extract from the minutes of a meeting held on that date, viz:

"Message from Mayor Olney in regard to acquiring a supply of water for the City of Oakland, with report of Desmond Fitzgerald upon the valuation of certain portions of the plant of the Contra Costa Water Company, and copy of the resolution of the Board of Directors of Bay Cities Water Company (August 12, 1903); also proposition of C. N. Beal, general manager of the Bay Cities Water Co., upon cost of supplying City of Oakland with a water supply system, addressed to Wm. S. Tevis, president of said company, and referred to the Mayor for consideration, were all read and referred to Special Committee on bond proposition."

"Pursuant to the above the Committee has given careful, deliberate study to the problems involved, and begs to report as follows:

FITZGERALD ENGAGED.

"First.—Directly the Mayor's message was received, the Committee engaged the professional services of Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald of Boston. He was requested to investigate and report upon the Water Company's offer as submitted. As will be seen in his report, the Company placed at his disposal all the data in its possession. "He made the expert examination in his own way, and the Committee, for the first time, learned his conclusions on the day when he submitted his report."

"These conclusions are stated in detail in the report which is attached hereto, but they may be briefly summarized as follows:

FITZGERALD'S CONCLUSIONS.

"1.—Inadequacy of supply. "The quantity of water available under the proposed plan will not be as great as that stated in the Company's proposition, and, during long periods of drought, which have been experienced and which may recur, there would not be a proper supply for the needs of the city in the near future, rendering the rate of increase in taxation."

CONFUSION IN LAW.

"Great confusion exists in the

law and decisions in this State regarding water appropriation. The exact rights and the extent of such rights in the region under consideration cannot now be determined, and they are likely to become the subject of litigation.

"But if the enforcement of these rights by riparian owners should have no greater effect than that stated by the Bay Cities Water Company, then the net amount available for the daily use by the city of Oakland would be reduced to 11,350,000 gallons.

"Unsatisfactory quality. "Owing to the condition of water in the reservoir, and to the fact that the water drawn from the reservoir during a large part of the year will be mixed with other waters flowing from creeks below the dam, and which has not had the benefit of storage, the mixed water will not be of good quality, and in order to make it of high standard the cost of a filtering plant and the expense of its operation must be incurred.

NO EXPERIMENT WITH DAM.

"4.—The form of dam which the plan proposes, while theoretically unobjectionable, has never been tried in the United States. Because of the liability of seismic disturbances in California he does not recommend the experiment with a dam of such height, and on account of the importance of this part of the project, he advises adherence to some standard type of dam construction.

WOODEN PIPES. "5.—He condemns the use of wooden stave pipes for the forcing main between the proposed pumping plant and the local distributing reservoirs.

"As to the use of this material for the leading main, there is an insufficiency of data from surveys, etc., and if it were available it might lead to the substitution of other pipe material, in whole or in part, in order to utilize the power.

TECHNICAL FEATURES.

"Doubtless this adverse report will prove a disappointment, and it may provoke criticism and attack, but the Committee concluded that before it could address itself to the commercial and financial aspects of this project, those features of it which were professional and technical in their character should first be settled.

COSTLY VENTURE.

"As the report of the expert is unfavorable, the Committee, for that reason, if for no other, cannot commend the proposition to favorable consideration because the interests involved are too vital to the City to justify a costly venture in a scheme which Mr. Fitzgerald's opinion would be at best of problematical value.

COMMITTEE'S CONCLUSIONS.

"But growing out of the unprejudiced study of this project, the Committee reached some conclusions to which it thinks expression should here be given.

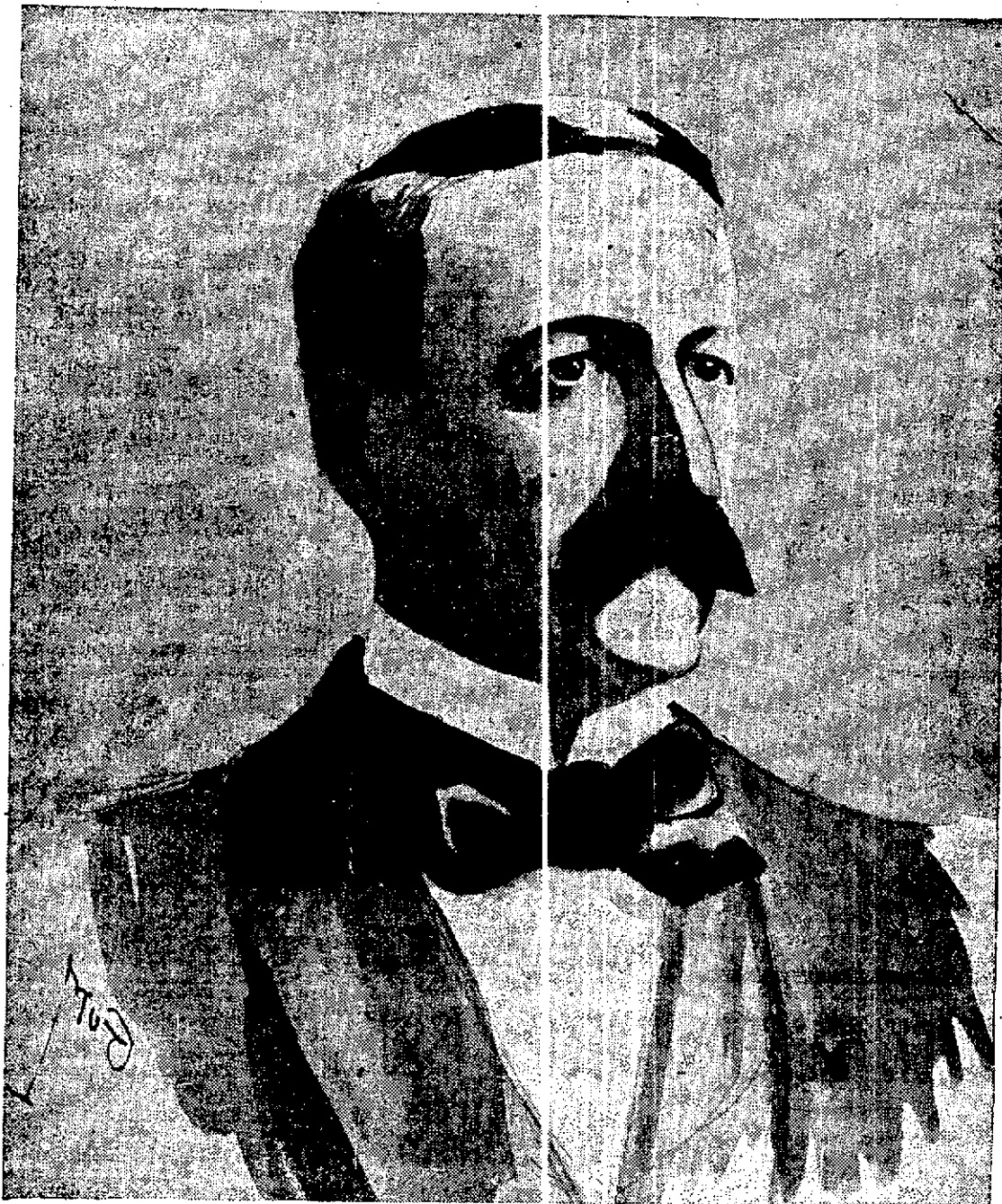
"It has always been believed that every municipality should own and control its water supply, and this belief is emphasized by the peculiar conditions attaching to the problem that confronts the City of Oakland.

COURSE MAY CAUSE REGRET.

"The monopolistic control of such a utility by a city, and the mortgaging of its property to wrest such control from another strongly entrenched concern, are propositions so different as to demand long reflection before deciding on a course that may cause future regret.

FEATURES INVOLVED IN SCHEME.

"This scheme as submitted would involve: "1.—The acceptance of the Bay Cities Water Co.'s offer to cost \$3,750,000. "2.—The installation of a new distributing system designed



JOHN L. HOWARD, CHAIRMAN OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON WATER SUPPLY.

and estimated by the City Engineer to cost nearly \$2,000,000. "3.—To these it would be prudent to add for contingencies \$250,000.

Total \$2,250,000.

ISSUANCE OF BONDS.

"To meet this outlay it is proposed to issue bonds—

"Annual interest, \$6,000,000 at 4 per cent \$240,000

"Annual sinking fund on 40-

year bonds at 2½ per cent \$150,000

Total amount fixed charges \$390,000

"The yearly application of the sinking fund to the reduction of the debt and of the interest would lower the average annual fixed charges to \$275,000.

TO OPERATE IN COMPETITION.

"We are not now considering the installation of a non-competitive water plant, but one to be installed and operated in competition with an established concern whose gross income from the employment of the entire business and with high rates has not exceeded \$600,000 per year, according to their statements, from the Oakland System.

RESULTS OF BUSINESS RIVALRY.

"The results that would logically follow from such business rivalry are:

"1.—A division of the business.

TRADE FOLLOWS LOWER COST.

"It is safe to assume that the Contra Costa Company would lose the trade now controlled by the City Government. As to the domestic supply, the trade would follow the lower cost. Civic Pride will be captured by the cheaper water.

FIGHTING FOR ITS LIFE.

"There would be a private corporation fighting for its life, and that would use methods to retain business that this community would be loath to trust to City Officials operating through employees whose governing sentiment would be absolutely different.

"Under such circumstances it would be an exaggeration to assume that the City could take away from the present company more than fifty per cent of the volume, which averages about 10,000,000 gallons per day.

CUTTING OF RATES.

"The private water company would set the pace for the city, and in order to get business the city would be compelled to follow, if not to offer the inducement of lower rates.

"The average rate received by the Contra Costa Water Company in 1902 was, as nearly as may be determined, about 16½ cents per 1000 gallons.

AVERAGE RATE DROPS.

"It is safer to say that, under the fierceness of such rivalry, the average rate would drop to at least 10 cents

per 1000 gallons, for during the war between the Contra Costa and the Oakland Companies it went far below that figure.

INCOME BY THE YEAR.

"With these assumptions, which are too favorable to the city, we have a possible business of 5,000,000 gallons per day, which, at ten cents per thousand, would yield a gross income of \$500 per day, or \$182,500 per year, with which to meet fixed charges in the beginning of \$390,000 per annum, plus operating expenses and renewals.

LOSS TO THE CITY.

"Is it a sufficient answer to say that during such a struggle the loss to the city would meet its compensation in the reduction of the total cost for water furnished to the consumers?

"It is doubtful whether, at the end of a year this would be the sentiment of the tax-payers.

CITY'S DEFICIT.

"But assume it to be true, what provision could be made to meet a certain and large deficit out of the City's total revenue, which in 1903 was \$719,556.40, and of which \$413,190.30 was absorbed in wages and salaries, leaving a balance of only \$306,366.10, that was found to be utterly inadequate for the other and pressing needs of the City.

PREJUDICE ON SETTLEMENT.

"Apart from prejudice based on the past or of sentiment founded not upon a thorough study of the matter in all its bearings, the commercial question as it stands at present may be stated with exactness in the following manner:

MORTGAGE ELECTORS' PROPERTY.

"Do the Electors, who are property owners, desire to mortgage their property for the sum of \$6,010,000 to embark in a struggle of indefinite length with an established concern for a division of its business, that yields in the gross only \$600,000 per annum?

"The private corporation may be forced to suspend dividends and to default in the interest on its bonds.

PLANT WILL STILL EXIST.

"It may go through the process of a reorganization and a reorganization, emerging with a reduced capitalization and a lower indebtedness, but although the share value may be wiped out and the bond value may be crept out, the plant and the system will still be in existence, a standing menace to any similar investment on the part of the city.

OPPOSE COMPETITIVE PLANT.

"Nor, because of a disagreement between the citizens and the water company as to the value of its property, or as to the rates of revenue, does the Committee feel justified in recommending a competing plant, and a consequent war of rates, for the purpose of beating the water company into sub-

jects, in an endeavor to reach as nearly as possible an equitable result. **VALUE OF ESTABLISHED POSITION.**

"We could not approach nor treat the problem in the manner chosen by the Water Company, which viewed it as an entire system and worth what it would cost to introduce an equivalent supply, claiming by implication at least a value for what it regarded as a monopolistic position.

BUYER PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL.

"The Committee was of the opinion that the problem of value for purchase should be solved in the same manner as it would be dealt with if the intending buyer were a private individual or a private corporation, i. e.,

FORM OF PROCEDURE.

"To ascertain the value of the useful physical property in its present condition, also of other assets, if any, in the shape of rights or equities.

"To give due consideration to its earning power and the prospect of its continuance in order to fix, if possible, its value as a going concern, or what is commercially known as the good will of a business.

"These are the points that would be taken account of in regular mercantile practice, but to this method of the Committee the Water Company took exception.

ADAMS' VALUATION.

"In making analyses and comparisons of the valuations by the experts, it was found that Mr. Adams, for the Water Company, had based his estimates on the present cost of the plant as though it were newly installed, with no allowance for age or depreciation, and with liberal allowances for contingencies.

NO VALUES ON LAND.

"Mr. Fitzgerald by request of the Mayor did not pass upon land values or equities, nor did he value other items on the ground that they were not necessary to such a system as Oakland should purchase. His units of cost were lower, he allowed nothing in his estimates for contingencies, and he did have regard for depreciation of plant, in that he valued the larger pipe at 80-95 per cent, that of three inches and less at 50 per cent of its value, and the smaller pipe (about 120,000 feet), at a total of \$5,000, for the reason that it was not usual to consider such small pipes in estimating the value of a distributing system.

PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE LACKING.

"It would be at once perceived that, in attempting to pass upon such questions as units of cost, rate of deterioration, etc., the Committee was lacking in personal knowledge, but in duly weighing the reasons advanced by the experts it reached the opinion that Mr. Fitzgerald's figures were nearer the actual present value than those that were put forth by Mr. Adams.

OUTSIDE PROPERTIES.

"The crux of the question, however, lay in those items of value which, under the instructions, Mr. Fitzgerald did not pass upon, i. e., The properties at San Leandro and Alvarado, and the water supplies connected therewith.

"By using the estimates of one expert or the other, or the mean of the two, as seemed right to the Committee, and by giving what in its judgment was liberal treatment in valuing the sources of water supply, a total was reached somewhat greater than that which is popularly believed to be the value, but much less than that fixed by the Water Company.

SYSTEM OF COMPROMISES.

"This total was arrived at partly by a system of compromises, and it was not so satisfactory nor conclusive to the Committee as it would have been if Mr. Fitzgerald's trained judgment had been expressed as to those items, which were omitted from his report, and to which the Water Company attaches so much value and importance.

"Insofar as this investigation related strictly to the Contra Costa Water Company, frequent and free discussions were held with its officials, and to them the Committee is under obligations for the prompt willingness in furnishing desired information.

BARREN OF PRACTICAL RESULTS.

"But, at this stage, the Committee became convinced that its valuation, no matter how reached, was unsatisfactory to the Water Company, and therefore, would be inconclusive and barren of practical results.

"It started with the fixed determination that if any possible method existed of forever settling this question, it would seek it and fight the matter to a finish.

W. J. DINGEE OFFERS APPRAISEMENT AND SALE.

"Under that policy, we have evoked from the Contra Costa Water Company the following letter, which was written in good faith, and which we commend to the careful and favorable attention of the Council:

"San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 14, 1904.—Mr. John L. Howard, Chairman Committee on Water Supply—Dear Sir:

"To settle, if possible, the vexed questions concerning the water supply of the City of Oakland, and being convinced that any fair Board of Arbitration will find the value of the Contra

Costa Water Company to be fully that which the Company asserts, I make through your Committee to the Council and the people of the City of Oakland the following proposition:

"We will agree to the appointment of a commission of three competent disinterested experts, one to be appointed by the City, one by this Company, and the two chosen to select a third, to value that portion of the system that pertains to supplying the City of Oakland. We agree that the value so found shall be used as a basis for rate-fixing purposes.

"2.—We agree to sell said property to the City at the valuation reached by the Commission.

"3.—We agree to lease that part of our system to the City of Oakland for the period of twenty years with an option during that time of purchasing the property at the valuation fixed by the commission, plus the cost of betterments and improvements that may have been added by the company between the date of valuation and the date of purchase, the City to pay rental at the rate of 5 per cent per annum free from taxes, and in the case of non-purchase, to return the property in the condition in which it was received, maintaining the efficiency of the plant at the present standard, provision to be made for the payment by the Company of any betterments or additions which may be made by the City during its lease. Yours very truly,

(Signed) WILLIAM J. DINGEE, "President"

STEP TOWARD FINAL CONCLUSION.

"This we regard as the first step in the best and final solution of this water question.

"The proposition of lease with the right to purchase at a value fixed now, and this we endorse, has the following commendable features:

BENEFITS OF PROPOSITION.

"1.—The annual strife over valuation and rates will be settled at once and for all time.

"2.—The expense of the existing law suit may be immediately stopped, and the uncertainty of a decision avoided.

"3.—The City may at once enter into possession of a going plant.

"4.—That in having the values fixed now, the City will reap the benefit of enhancement in value due to increase in population and in volume of business, whereas if the effort to acquire it be deferred it is certain to be more costly and more difficult to obtain.

CITY TO ASSUME A LIKE RISK.

"5.—If the Water Company can assume the risk of a value to be placed upon its property by a Board of carefully chosen experts, it will be equally safe for the City to assume a like risk as to value.

"6.—The Water Company will be forever removed from participation in politics, and from past experience this is a greater evil than alleged excessive charges for water.

MONEY INSUFFICIENT.

"7.—At this juncture the City is practically confronted with the choice between acquiring a water plant and accomplishing other needed public improvements, because, admitting that the electors are willing to vote an issue of bonds to acquire a water system and to cover the cost of all projects which are now pressed upon the attention of the Council.

"A lease with the option will admit of the deferment of a water plant purchase until a more opportune season, viz:

"A.—When the increase in the total assessed valuation of City property will admit of the issue of the amount of bonds found necessary at the time, or

"B.—When legislation may be had under which a municipality may make a bond issue for property that is revenue yielding and self-supporting, without the necessity for including it in the 15 per cent legal limit, or

MUNICIPAL WATER BONDS.

"C.—Possibly legislation may be had permitting the issue of municipal water bonds whose principal and interest could be guaranteed, and which would be considered the same as District School bonds, as outside the legal limitation of 15 per cent.

FLAT RATES AND METERS.

"8.—The City could change the present illogical system of flat rates by installing meters and selling water by measure, charging for the amount consumed.

"This would have the effect of stopping waste and promoting economy in use, thereby increasing the reserve in the storage supply.

"By making water bills a lien on property, losses will not be incurred, and by making bills payable at a central office, the cost of administration will be kept low.

PROFITS WITH GOOD MANAGEMENT.

"9.—From the results hitherto obtained in this business we are justified in the belief that a competent management can produce such profits, which, if applied from year to year to reduce the principal debt and the rental charge, will enable it to nearly, if not entirely, pay the original purchase price within the life of the lease.

EVIL OF POLITICS.

"We might anticipate the usual argument, that such a plant would be subject to the evils of political patronage and place hunters, and to abuse

OAKLAND TRIBUNE

Tribune Publishing Company.

William E. Dargie, President.

BUILDING UP MANUFACTURES.

It is not a quarter of a century ago since an enthusiastic Southerner boasted that the South was destined to wrest the supremacy in cotton manufacturing from New England. The boast sounded like a wild one, but it was not vainly made. In the year 1903 the Southern States—that is, the States in which slavery existed up to the breaking out of the Civil War—manufactured more bales of cotton than all the other States. The value of the product of the Northern mills was very greatly in excess of the value of the product of the Southern mills, however, owing to the finer grades of goods manufactured. But the South is continually making advances in the manufacture of finer fabrics.

At Columbus, Georgia, no. 125 thread is spun and woven, and the machinery in use admits spinning yarn up to 160. The mills at Augusta and Columbia are also weaving fine grades of goods, prints, muslins, etc.

The Southern mills are more prosperous than Northern mills, and there is an increasing tendency on the part of the big manufacturing companies in New England to move their plants to the South or establish branch mills there. Cheaper power, cheaper labor, closer proximity to the raw material, lower taxes and freedom from vexatious labor troubles and a number of other causes are operating to bring the production of cotton and its manufacture together.

In this movement the railroads are assisting. Formerly they proceeded on the theory that it was to their interest to haul the raw cotton away to the North and again haul the manufactured product back. But they have discovered that only a small proportion of the raw cotton hauled away came back in the manufactured form; it went elsewhere to seek a market. By hauling the cotton to local mills they had all the manufactured product to haul away.

In addition, building up local manufacturing centers created general business in other lines; it gave them larger communities to serve, and a greater variety of freight to handle. Wherefore they are fostering the manufacturing industry as diligently as they formerly discouraged it.

At one time it cost as much to haul a bale of cotton a hundred miles to a Southern mill as it did a thousand miles on its way to New England. That condition no longer exists.

The three principal railway systems of the South, the Southern Railway, the Seaboard Air Line and the Louisville and Nashville are all vying with one another in offering manufacturers inducements to locate along their lines. They are industriously bidding for mills and population.

Here is a hint for the railroads of California. By promoting projects to work up our wool and iron ores, our hemp and other fibres prosperous and permanent industries can be built up that will draw to us capital and population. It is a poor country that sends away its raw material and buys back the finished product. High local rates for short hauls and correspondingly low rates for long hauls discourage manufacturing wherever they prevail. They build up distant industries at the expense of our own. We want mills and factories to work up the raw material from our fields, forests and mines, and their establishment is the best guarantee of a permanent paying business for the railroads.

WELL DONE, ALAMEDA!

The City Board of Trustees of Alameda have sensibly adopted the only solution of the rapid transit problem open to them by granting the Southern Pacific the franchises on terms it was willing to accept. This ought to have been done months before—not because the people of Alameda were not justified in asking more advantageous terms, but because it was apparent that further contention on that point was hopeless, while the delay was operating to the injury of the city.

The protracted dispute, and the acrid character it assumed, unsettled business and property values and provoked a general feeling of unrest in the community. Happily it is all over now, and Alameda will resume the growth and progress that has been temporarily retarded. Rapid transit is vital to Alameda, and a first class service is assured for the future. No doubt everybody in Alameda feels a sense of relief now that the franchise question is settled.

Having been given the franchises on its own terms, the Southern Pacific Company should give Alameda the best service possible. An improvement can be made by shortening the runs which are now rather long and tedious. If the company can cut a few minutes off the trans-bay trip it will add greatly to the convenience of the traveling public and do something that will go far to promote good feeling between the railroad and its patrons.

Are the dollar dinners given to Mr. Bryan a delicate testimonial to his value as a statesman?

SEX SEGREGATION AT BERKELEY

In one aspect the action of Professor Charles Mills Gayley in excluding women students from a series of lectures he is giving at the State University is quite apart from any consideration of the policy of co-education. The University is a State institution, and by mandate of the law all its courses are open to both male and female students. Professor Gayley is head of the department of English literature, which is maintained exclusively by funds derived from public taxation. Query: Can women students be lawfully excluded from any lectures he may give as professor of English literature?

It may be that none of the women students will care to incur the wrath of the faculty by testing in the courts the authority of Professor Gayley to exclude them from his lectures, nevertheless the issue raised is one not lightly to be passed over. If Dr. Gayley is within the limits of his authority, there is nothing more to be said, but if there is an illegal assumption of power it should not be permitted to prevail.

Scholastically it may be no detriment to women students to be deprived of the pleasure of sitting under the droppings of Dr. Gayley's learning and wisdom, but if the law entitles them to gather this literary manna as it falls from inspired lips, who shall nullify their right? If the Professor of English literature can shut them out from attendance on his lectures, may not the professor of chemistry, the professor of physics, the professor of mathematics or the head of any department at the University do likewise? If women students can be excluded from a course of lectures, may not men students be excluded from other courses?

The question is, does the law sanction the segregation and exclusion Dr. Gayley has put in effect? If so, where shall such segregation and exclusion end? It is advisable that the extent of the authority of teachers in the University in this particular be defined. It is presumed that Dr. Gayley has acted with the knowledge and approval of President Wheeler, but it is not so certain that the Regents were made cognizant of the intended action in advance. The question raised ought to be authoritatively settled.

Ex-Congressman Driggs made a mistake in not employing the editor of the Fresno Republican as an attorney. Driggs paid his \$10,000 fine and staid his day in jail, although the Fresno editor proved conclusively that he was wrongfully convicted. Driggs might at least have waited till he received a syllabus of the Republican's decision overruling Judge Thomas.

It is asserted that President Smith and eight of the twelve apostles of the Mormon Church are living in polygamy. This does not prove that Apostle Smoot is not entitled to the seat in the Senate to which he was elected, but it clearly indicates the attitude of the Mormon hierarchy toward polygamy. Smoot emphatically denies that he is a polygamist, but he cannot be made to denounce polygamy or to assert that it ought to be suppressed. He is an apostle of the church and was elected Senator through the influence of the church. If the president of the church and two-thirds of the apostles, constituting the governing body, are active polygamists, the fact carries its own sinister suggestion. Smoot has proved an alibi as to the charge that he actually keeps a harem, but how is he to disassociate himself from his pals in the priesthood who indulge in concubinage under the cloak of religion, in defiance of Congress. As an agent of the Mormon Church, Smoot is technically criminal in this instance. Technically he is entitled to his seat, but morally he is tarred with the same brush as his priestly coadjutors.

A New Orleans paper says the negro has become very undesirable as a laborer. Is that so? In the same issue of the paper containing this statement we note a dispatch from Texas detailing the proceedings of an indignation meeting held to protest against agents "enticing" negro laborers to go to Louisiana and Mississippi. It seems that the white planters of Louisiana do not agree with the sentiments expressed by the New Orleans press. Or perhaps, the sentiment quoted was only for foreign consumption.

After all what Professor Charles Mills Gayley has to say about Shakespeare may not be important. Shakespeare is dead anyway and cannot resent the indignity.

The Chicago editors are chuckling over the consoling reflection that the delegates to the St. Louis Convention will have to drink Chicago sewage anyway. But Chicago sewage may be an improvement on Chicago whiskey.

As the States are showing a disposition to go ahead with electing delegates to the National Convention without waiting for the call of the National Committee, Senator Hanna concluded to issue it.

THE TRIBUNE WAS AHEAD.

THE TRIBUNE was the only paper that gave a correct forecast of the report of Engineer Fitzgerald on the Bay Cities water project. The document itself indicates the accuracy of THE TRIBUNE's advance news. The report of the special water committee also proves that THE TRIBUNE was correct in its statements regarding the view taken of it by the committee.

President Harper of Chicago University, predicts that in the next ten years, three new schools will be established in the university and that its buildings will be increased by twenty-two, at least, the total cost of which will exceed \$3,000,000. That is a rather bad outlook for coal oil consumers.

Senator Bailey of Texas put his heel down on the Panama Canal treaty. Apparently he desires to emulate Buck Kilgore in thinking with his feet. It is easy to overlook the perversities of a man whose mental characteristics can only be ascertained by having a chiropodist feel of his corns.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

MISS MAY COOGAN GIVES A LARGE RECEPTION AT HER HOME.

Miss May Coogan has hosted this afternoon at one of the most delightful informal affairs of the season. The guests included all the members of the younger set and many exquisite gowns were in evidence. Miss Coogan's home on Filbert street was effectively decorated with a profusion of brilliant carnations, the dining room having been turned into an exquisite bower of flowers.

The rich blue of the violet was chosen for the reception room and the delicate pinks and corals everywhere.

Miss Coogan was assisted in her duties as hostess by the charming coterie: Mrs. Hayward G. Thomas, Mrs. Irving Burrell, Mrs. George Clarke Davis, Miss Letitia Barry, Miss Marion Walsh, Miss Edith Emerson, Miss Lucille Burnham, Miss Maudie Mathews, Miss Ethel Crellin, Miss Noel De Gault, Miss Caroline Oliver, Miss Anita Oliver, Miss Sims of Berkeley, Miss Claire Chabot, Miss Ada Kenna, Miss Jean Downey, Miss Florine Brown, Miss Marion Smith, Miss Elizabeth Fillmore, Miss Helen Chase, Miss Gertrude Allen and Miss Bessie Reed.

FAREWELL RECEPTION.

Notwithstanding the rain, quite a number of friends gathered last evening at the home of Mrs. L. T. Hunt to say "Good Bye" and wish "God Speed" to Mrs. M. F. and Miss Alice J. Thornbury who leave for the East tomorrow, where they are to make their home.

Miss Thornbury has been the assistant manager as well as head stenographer of the Occidental Co-operative Company since its organization. The program was arranged by the secretary of the company, G. W. Williams, who, in a few well-chosen words, in which he voiced the sentiments of the entire company, expressed deep regret at losing so valuable a co-worker, and one whom all who came to know loved. The parlors were daintily decorated with white and yellow Cherokee roses and trailing vines from the garden of one of the friends. The music was in charge of Miss California Childs assisted by Miss Manlove and Miss Wait. After several fine numbers interspersed with recitations from Mrs. Hall and others, the program closed with singing "Bliss Be The Tie That Binds" and "My Old Kentucky Home, Good Night," favorite songs of the guest of honor.

Miss Thompson, the president of the company was unable to be present on account of ill health, but sent greetings to the departing friends.

MISS COXHEAD ENGAGED.

News of the engagement of Miss Judith Coxhead, daughter of Dr. J. H. Coxhead to Henry Patterson Fraser comes as a great surprise to the friends of Miss Coxhead. Over a year ago Miss Coxhead left to pursue her musical studies in London and was doing well in her chosen career. Recently, however, she has been spending a few months with former college friends at the home in Johannesburg and while there met Mr. Patterson Fraser. The acquaintance ripened into a love.

A WOMAN'S BACK

The Aches and Pains Will Disappear If the Advice of this Oakland Citizen is Followed.

A woman's back has many aches and pains. Most times 'tis the kidney's fault. Backache is really kidney ache. That's why Doan's Kidney Pills cure it.

Many Oakland women know this. Read what one has to say about it.

Mrs. I. Stewart, Model Confectionery and Bakery, 837 San Pablo avenue, says: "If all troubled with pain in the back could have it ended as quickly and as thoroughly as Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at a drug store ended mine, then that far to prevalent annoyance would cease to have any terrors for ladies who will take a course of the treatment with this strengthening curative remedy. When I read Doan's Kidney Pills in our paper I was sadly in need of something to end my attack of backache just like many of its predecessors. The treatment acted just as stated and relief followed in a surprisingly short space of time."

For sale by all druggists; price 50 cents per box. Mailed by Peter-Hillburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the Name Doan's and take no substitute.



Mrs. Fairbanks tells how neglect of warning symptoms will soon prostrate a woman. She thinks woman's safeguard is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Ignorance and neglect are the cause of untold female suffering, not only with the latest of health but with the chance of a cure. I did not heed the warnings of headaches, organic pains, and general weakness, until I was well nigh prostrated. I knew I had to do something. Happily I did the right thing. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound faithfully, according to directions, and was rewarded in a few weeks to find that my pains and pains disappeared, and I again felt the glow of health through my body. Since I have been well I have been more careful, I have also advised a number of my sick friends to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and they have never had reason to be sorry. I am very truly, MRS. MAY FAIRBANKS, 216 South 7th St., Minneapolis, Minn." (Mrs. Fairbanks is one of the most successful and highest salaried travelling saleswomen in the West.)—\$5000 a free if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has aided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

affair and instead of returning to Europe, Miss Coxhead will be married early in April.

Mr. Patterson Fraser is secretary of the East River Club and brother-in-law of ex-President Steyn and has made his home in Johannesburg for years. After a trip to California, the young couple will make their home in Johannesburg.

INFORMAL DINNER.

Miss Laura Sanborn is to hostess at an informal dinner Thursday evening complimentary to Herbert Landers, who will leave shortly for the East. Among those invited are Miss Lillian Sanborn, Miss Lillian Isaac, Miss Marie English, Miss Claire Chabot, Miss Irene Ford, Arthur Goodrich, Mrs. H. A. Moore, Mrs. Charles Houghton, Mrs. Henry Morris, Mrs. George McNear and Mrs. Andrew T. Mosely. Miss Mary Barker, Miss Mary Alexander, Miss Mona Crellin and Miss Jane Rawlings.

MONDAY CLUB.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Crellin entertained the members of the Monday Evening Whist Club last evening at a very enjoyable dinner given at their Jackson street home. The affair was quite informal and the guests were most comfortable. The table was effectively decorated with graceful bunches of pink carnations.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Will Meek, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meek, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. James G. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Hathaway, Mrs. George Barker, Mrs. H. A. Moore, Mrs. Charles Houghton, Mrs. V. M. Hall.

WHIST CLUB MEETS.

The Ingram home on Myrtle street was the scene Friday evening of the regular meeting of the Edinetta Whist Club. The host was Raymond Ingram. Whist was the game played. Those present were: Miss Lillian Sanborn, Miss Blanche Bonham, Miss Lillian Sanborn, Miss Mabel Johnson, Douglas Hughes, Lloyd Chamberlain, George Blustein and Raymond Ingram.

MAPLE CLUB.

The Maple Club will meet next Friday evening at Reed Hall. A delightful evening is planned and he patronesses who contribute to the success of these affairs include Mrs. T. C. Coogan, Mrs. M. W. Kates, Mrs. H. A. Moore, Mrs. Charles Houghton, Mrs. V. M. Hall.

JOINED THE CHOR.

The following young ladies have joined the choir of St. Paul's Episcopal Church recently: Misses Natalie Ford, Irene Ford, Christie Tart, Sevil Hayden and Gertrude Russell.

THEY ARE ENGAGED.

At an enjoyable birthday party given last Friday evening at the Davis residence, 1268 Eleventh avenue, in honor of Miss Alice E. Davis, the engagement of her daughter, Miss Lillian D. Davis, to George De Weese was formally announced by her brother, L. C. Davis.

There were about thirty people present and the evening was most happily spent by all. The house was beautifully decorated with pink and white, and the dining room pink and green. In the parlors strains of joy and smiles were suspended from the ceilings to the gentle cha deliers and in the dining room pink and green crepe paper was used. The guests were entertained with vocal and instrumental music, games, dancing.

At 11 o'clock the favor, little badges of pink and green satin ribbon, with tiny silver bells attached, were distributed. Each bore a number and each lady was told to find the gentleman whose number corresponded with hers, take him to supper. Supper was then announced and it was then that Mr. Davis announced the engagement. The sister and congratulations were showered on the pretty and blushing bride-to-be.

The Misses Davis were the recipients of many beautiful presents. Among those present were: Miss Dagmar Guller, Miss A. G. Guller, Miss Peterson, Miss N. Moore, Miss W. Mulvey, Miss M. Newhard, Miss O. Malley, Miss Belle O'Malley, Miss H. Helman, Miss J. Haines, Miss Two men, Mrs. N. L. Crowell, Miss B. Harding, Miss Louise Jacobson, Mrs. G. M. Garsert, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Haines, Mr. and Mrs. George Baker, Mr. Masters, Richard O'Brien, Mr. C. J. Brown, Mr. Larsen, A. Page, Earl Russell, E. Egan, W. Smooth, E. Banks, Milton Cano, H. Pontman, F. E. Kirkham, Castro, George Flick Jr., Arlie Harbridge, E. Lum Sudeen.

The wedding of Miss Lillian Davis and Mr. De Weese will take place about the middle of April. Both young people are well known in society circles on this side of the bay and have many friends. The prospective groom is prominently identified with the Oakland Shore House.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

Miss Gertrude Livingston entertained a merry party of young people at her home on Jones street last Friday evening. The hours sped pleasantly with music and games and late in the evening dainty refreshments were served. The guests were members of Miss Livingston's class at the Polytechnic Business College.

Those present were: Misses Rae, Cashbaugh, Joliff, Appleford, Bimes, Doellinger, Messinger, Walker and Hanson; Messrs. Brown, Burton, Phillips, Schott, Daly, Hester, Donahue, Fitch, Paul, Olson, Chappell, Haliday, Wrightman, Swafford, Hubbard and Walker.

TOWN AND GOWN CLUB.

The Town and Gown Club entertained

PIANOS

GOOD PIANOS
Pianos That Wear

Sherman, Clay & Co.

Ask to have our new rent contract plan explained. It binds us but not you.

Broadway at Thirteenth, Oakland

a few friends at the club quarters yesterday afternoon and the affair was very enjoyable. The cosy rooms were effectively decorated with splendid orchids and trailing ferns. The feature of the afternoon was an address by Charles S. Butters on Mexico and the curios exhibited from that interesting place were much admired.

Miss Keellogg was hostess for the afternoon and was assisted by Mrs. Philip K. Boone and Mrs. Carl Copping Plehn.

MRS. MAGEE BACK.
Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Hush are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Magee for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Magee will spend the winter at the Palace.

COSMOS CLUB.

Mrs. Theodore L. Barker was hostess yesterday afternoon at a delightful meeting of the Cosmos Club at her home on Castro street. Mrs. Ernest J. Cotton carried off the first prize after an enjoyable game.

The players yesterday were Mrs. T. L. Barker, Mrs. J. R. Burnham, Mrs. Quincy A. Chase, Mrs. T. C. Coogan, Mrs. Ernest J. Cotton, Mrs. Thomas Crellin, Mrs. J. A. Folger, Mrs. R. W. Gorrill, Mrs. William T. Goodfellow, Mrs. Harry Gordon, Mrs. Paul Lecher, Mrs. Henry Meek, Mrs. Will Meek, Mrs. A. A. Moore, Mrs. Cedar Sather, Mrs. Robert B. Stone, Mrs. Edward M. Walsh, Mrs. Prentiss Selby, Mrs. Eugene H. Beck, Mrs. S. H. Church, Mrs. Charles Houghton, Mrs. Henry Morris, Mrs. George McNear and Mrs. Andrew T. Mosely. Miss Mary Barker, Miss Mary Alexander, Miss Mona Crellin and Miss Jane Rawlings.

To Cure a Cold for 5 Cents.
Try Dr. Hoff's celebrated Eucalyptus Cough Drops. Selby's Candy Store, 1057 Washington street, Oakland agents.

Choose from 1000 good dollar shirts at 50c during Half-Price Sale.

CENTRAL BANK

Banking in All Its Branches
Business, Personal and Savings Accounts Invited.
Government, State, County and City Bonds Bought and Sold. Travelers' Letters of Credit Issued Available Throughout The World.

Authorized Capital - \$1,000,000.00
Paid Up Capital - 300,000.00
Surplus Fund - 304,556.35

THOS. CRELLIN, Pres. W. G. PALMISTE, Vice Pres. H. M. BARRY, Cashier
DIRECTORS
JOHN L. HOWARD, THOMAS CRELLIN, C. H. PIERCE, H. S. MORRIS, J. A. BRITTON, J. W. PHILLIPS, W. S. PRELAN, A. S. BLAKE.

ABSOLUTE PROTECTION
Best Private Safe Ever Built Only \$4.00 Per Year.

The Central Safe Deposit Vaults are modern, safest and best we have ever built—BERRING-HALL-MARVIN SAFE CO.

THE BEST IS NEVER TOO GOOD
The Safes and Boxes built for the Central Safe Deposit vaults are the best ever turned out of our factory. DIEBOLD-SAFE & LOCK CO.

THE STRONGEST VAULT obtainable is to be preferred, especially if it costs no more.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
A Separate Room for the exclusive use of savings depositors, on savings accounts. Interest paid or compounded semi-annually.

Fourteenth and Broadway Oakland, Cal.

REMOVAL SALE

\$7000 Stock of New and Second-hand Furniture, Stoves and Carpets, Must Go Regardless of Cost.

Special reduction on all second-hand goods. Sale imperative as I will re-open in the Bacon Building with an entirely new stock of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Office Furniture and Supplies.

H. L. KEMP
412 Eleventh St. Phone James 921

AMUSEMENTS.

Macdonough Theatre
Hall & Barton, Props. & Mgrs. Phone Main 57.
Tonight LAST TIME Here

CHARLES FROHMAN
Will Present Clyde Rich's Best Play
The Girl with the Green Eyes

With Ida Conquest, Robert Dromet and the entire New York Cast and Production.
GOOD SEATS STILL TO BE HAD
25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Macdonough Theatre
Hall & Barton, Props. & Mgrs. Phone Main 57.
SPECIAL MATINEE Tomorrow at 3 O'clock
And Tomorrow Night, January 23

THE GREAT ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW
MR. JAMES DOUGLAS—Introducing the marvelous and thrilling story "Cassius."

ELIZABETH MURRAY
The Victrola Comedienne
MOORE & LITTLEFIELD
Comedy Sketch Artists

ED. F. REYNARD, Violoncello
MELANI TRIO, Italian Street Singers
ROBERT & GORDON, Musical Act
ALBERT & MILLAR, Comedy Club
Juggling and Cornet Soloists

EVENING PRICES—Lower Floor, 75c; Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
SEATS NOW ON SALE

Macdonough Theatre
Hall & Barton, Props. & Mgrs. Phone Main 57.
Two Nights Commencing JANUARY 21st
ZEB & ZABROW'S big production of the

Midnight Express
SEE
The Real Train Cars on the Stage.
The Light House Scene.
The Long Life in the Building Sea.
The City Fisher Maidens.

AND THE TALENTED YOUNG COMEDIAN JOLLY-ZEB
GREAT SPECIALTIES
SEATS NOW ON SALE—25c, 50c, 75c

BELL THEATRE
San Pablo Avenue, Opp. Plaza
Grand Opening Monday Evening, January 18, 1904.

Strictly first-class Vaudeville Performances every afternoon and evening. Two shows every evening. Admission free, no higher. Entire change of bill weekly.

NOVELTY THEATRE
Broadway, bet. Eleventh and Twelfth Sts.
TONY LUBELSKI, Sole Prop. and Mgr.
A strictly moral family theatre. High class vaudeville and the finest moving pictures in the world. Admission to all parts of the theatre 1 cent, no extra matinees, children, 5 cents. Performances every afternoon and at least two every evening.

GRAND MID-WINTER OPENING
IDORA PARK
Telegraph Ave. and 57th St.
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
RIVELA'S ROYAL ITALIAN BAND

30 PIECES
CHEV. E. RIVELA, Conductor.
FLUTE, TROMBONE, CLARINET, TRUMPET, SAXOPHONE, VIOLIN, VIOLA, CELLO, DOUBLE BASS, PIANO, HARP, CHORUS.
The management of Idora Park's pleasure in offering the people of Oakland and vicinity the greatest musical treat ever secured for this side of the bay.

14 Grand Open-Air Concerts Free 14
EVERY AFTERNOON 2 P. M.
Beginning SATURDAY, JAN. 16, Rain or Shine.

NO ADMISSION will be charged to the concert. Only the usual admission to the park grounds. Adults, two children, one.

PRIVATE CARRIAGES will be allowed an entrance to the grounds under the direction of officer during the concert season. Program of Saturday and Sunday's Concerts are in the local news columns.

MME CARO ROMA
ANNOUNCES AN
Evening Concert
UNITARIAN CHURCH
14th and Castro Sts.

Thursday Eve., January 21st
Reserved Seats may be secured at Sherman & Clay's or Kohler & Chase's, 75 cents each.

Racing! Racing! Racing!

OAKLAND RACE TRACK
New California Jockey Club
COMMENCING JANUARY 4

Racing each week day, rain or shine. Six or more races daily. Races commence at 2:15 p. m. sharp.

Take street cars from any part of the city and go to Emeryville. For special trains stopping at the track take S. P. ferry foot of Market street, San Francisco, at 12:30, 1:00, 1:30 or 2 o'clock. No smoking in last two cars, which are reserved for ladies and their escorts.

Returning trains for San Francisco leave at 4:15 and 4:45 o'clock and immediately after the last race.

THOMAS H. WILLIAMS, President.
PERCY W. TREAT, Secretary.

NEWS FROM BERKELEY AND THE STATE UNIVERSITY

WAS CONSIDERED LEADING COLLEGE MEN FACULTY MEMBER M'KOWEN THEFT MAY BAR BASKETBALL TEAM DEAD. FAVOR SEGREGATION. IS ILL. AN EXHIBIT. TO TOUR.

CIVIL ENGINEER REVIVES JUST AS CORONER IS BEING SENT FOR.

BERKELEY, January 19.—To be carried into a drug store and laid out for dead and to be revived by a telephone message was to be sent to the coroner was the uncanny experience last night of E. Shank, a civil engineer employed by the Southern Pacific, whose home is at 1810 Oxford street. Shank, who is well along in years, is a sufferer from heart disease and last night he exerted himself more than usual during his customary walk.

THEATRE MANAGERS HAVE TROUBLE.

CHICAGO, January 19.—The Tribune today says:

In anticipation of a flood of death claims and personal injury suits that may aggregate \$6,000,000, the financial interests behind the Iroquois Theatre Company have commenced a fight to prevent the coroner's jury from disclosing their identity.

MILITARY FORCE REDUCED.

TELLERIDE, Colo., Jan. 19.—The military force here is to be still further reduced and seventy-three men will be sent to their homes today. Everything has been quiet here since the arrival of the troops and the military force has been reduced to a minimum.

Prof. Gayley's Plan of Conducting a Separate Class for Male Students is Approved of.

BERKELEY, January 19.—Wide discussion has resulted in University of California faculty meeting.

Richard O'Connor, former editor of the Daily Californian and prominent senior, said:

EDITOR OF NOTE TO SPEAK HERE.

BERKELEY, Jan. 19.—The first annual Barbara Welstock lecture is to be delivered at Stiles' Hall on the evening of February 26th by Dr. Albert Shaw, the editor of "Review of Reviews," and one of the foremost publicists in America.

According to the founder of the lecturership, its purposes are as follows:

TELLERIDE, Colo., Jan. 19.—The military force here is to be still further reduced and seventy-three men will be sent to their homes today.

MRS. GENEVA MAGEE, UNIVERSITY PHYSICAL INSTRUCTOR STRICKEN IN SEAS.

BERKELEY, January 19.—Mrs. Geneva Magee, assistant in physical culture at the University of California, and wife of Professor Walter E. Magee, physical director of the University, is lying critically ill at the Waldeck Sanatorium in San Francisco.

BACK FROM TRIP TO NEW ORLEANS.

BERKELEY, Jan. 19.—Professor Carl C. Plehn has returned from a trip to New Orleans, where he attended the annual meeting of the American Economic and Historical Association.

HARD TESTS FOR RHODES' SCHOLAR.

BERKELEY, January 19.—It is announced at the University of California that George R. Parker, commissioner for the trustees of the Rhodes Scholarship, will arrive in the United States during next April or May.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Francisco Penia, a Mexican chorister, died in the principal theater in this city while the performance was going on.

HAYWARDS, SAN LEANDRO, EMERYVILLE, FRUITVALE, GOLDEN GATE

PASTOR RECEIVES GUESTS.

REV. LYONS OF HAYWARDS ENTERTAINS HIS CONGREGATION.

HAYWARD, Jan. 19.—Rev. G. Lyons and wife of the Presbyterian Church received the members of the congregation and old acquaintances at their home on B street Sunday.

WHAT AND WHY.

Why should substitutes for Scott's Emulsion be refused?

Because they do not begin to offer the equivalent of food-value contained in Scott's Emulsion.

Why should special care be taken to avoid so-called wines, cordials and extracts of cod liver oil?

Because they contain a large percentage of alcohol and afford only temporary stimulation.

Does not Scott's Emulsion also stimulate the body?

Yes, but it is stimulation through nourishment.

NOVEL BATTLESHIP.

MISS SCHAEFER BETTER.

RAIN FALL.

TELEPHONE COMPANY MAKES ITS REPLY.

WHAT AND WHY.

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Why should special care be taken to avoid so-called wines, cordials and extracts of cod liver oil?

Because they contain a large percentage of alcohol and afford only temporary stimulation.

Does not Scott's Emulsion also stimulate the body?

SURPRISE PARTY PLAN GIVEN.

ELMHURST YOUNG LADY IS HONORED BY HER FRIENDS.

ELMHURST, January 19.—One of the most successful affairs ever given in Elmhurst was the surprise party given to Miss Mable Perry Saturday evening at the Elmhurst Hotel.

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MRS. GENEVA MAGEE, UNIVERSITY PHYSICAL INSTRUCTOR STRICKEN IN SEAS.

BERKELEY, January 19.—Mrs. Geneva Magee, assistant in physical culture at the University of California, and wife of Professor Walter E. Magee, physical director of the University, is lying critically ill at the Waldeck Sanatorium in San Francisco.

BACK FROM TRIP TO NEW ORLEANS.

BERKELEY, Jan. 19.—Professor Carl C. Plehn has returned from a trip to New Orleans, where he attended the annual meeting of the American Economic and Historical Association.

HARD TESTS FOR RHODES' SCHOLAR.

BERKELEY, January 19.—It is announced at the University of California that George R. Parker, commissioner for the trustees of the Rhodes Scholarship, will arrive in the United States during next April or May.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Francisco Penia, a Mexican chorister, died in the principal theater in this city while the performance was going on.

State University Will Have no Display at World's Fair Unless Funds Are Furnished.

BERKELEY, Jan. 19.—Unless the California Exposition Commission defrays the expenses of the proposed exhibit of the University of California at the St. Louis Exposition, the display will have to be abandoned.

PERSONAL BREVITIES ABOUT BERKELEYANS.

BERKELEY, January 19.—Miss Hattie Avon, who was seriously ill for many weeks, has so far recovered as to be able to go out again.

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TRIPS WILL BE TAKEN BY COLLEGE GIRLS TO INTERIOR TOWNS.

BERKELEY, January 19.—The college girls of the University of California who are interested in basket ball have begun practices preparatory to trips to Woodland, Benicia, Redwood, Santa Rosa and Petaluma, where games will be played with the high school teams of those cities.

GLEE CLUB PLANS SERIES OF TRIPS.

BERKELEY, January 19.—During the next few weeks the Glee Club of the University of California is to give three big concerts in Berkeley and San Francisco.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

Wm. D. Fitch

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

EDUCATION BOARD MEETS.

NO REPORT MADE ON THE BOND PROPOSITION—ROUTINE WORK.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Education which was held last evening, the report of C. E. Marwin, the trustee officer, for the last term was read and showed that there had been seventy-two boys who persistently absented themselves from school. He stated that six of them had been taken before the Juvenile Court and that the judge had put them on probation and that the plan had been very successful. He suggested that a manual training school would prove a good thing and lessen the truancy.

A communication was received from the Edward Rowland Sill Memorial Association asking permission to erect a memorial in the High School court to Professor Sill. It is planned to have it represent a sun dial on a granite pedestal, the whole of it to be three and a half feet high. It is to have two brass plates, one with the names of the classes that subscribed to the memorial and the other a six-line poem of Professor Sill's entitled "Life." The cost of the memorial is to be \$400 and it is to be dedicated at the graduating exercises next June. There will be no cost entailed on the Board of Education. The petition is signed by J. Roy Munsell, secretary of the association. The matter was referred to the High School Committee.

Health Officer Edward von Adelung read suggesting minor improvements about the High School which would improve the sanitation.

A number of applications were read from pupils asking to be transferred from various schools and others to be allowed to drop certain studies. These were referred to the proper committees.

The resignation of Benjamin Weed of the history department of the High School was read and accepted.

Chairman H. H. of the Judiciary Committee, stated that he had nothing to report on the bond proposition as the directors had failed to make a list of the persons whom they wished to serve on the election boards in their respective districts.

Robert Irvine, janitor of Lincoln School, petitioned the Board for an increase of salary because of the additional rooms which he has been given to care for. Director Redington moved that he be granted \$5 a month additional salary. The motion was carried. On motion of Director Redington, C. E. Blundell, janitor of the Prescott school was granted an increase of \$2.50 a month for additional work.

Secretary McClymonds was instructed to secure bids for advertising the bond issue. Bids are to be obtained from all the local papers.

The board then adjourned until Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., January 19.—Edwin Freagard of New York, secretary of the Typothetae Union, in an address here before the State Typothetae, said:

"The length of the work day is not of so much importance as the returns received. We are endeavoring to suppress all agitation started by the International Typographical Union. If the hours are reduced the expenses of the business are added to by 15 per cent. There is a movement in Congress to frame an eight-hour day which is a dangerous one. We are opposing it because it is unwise and we are petitioning our members to have their antagonists the anti-injunction bill."

"We stand for the 'open' offices although we agree the union men are the best workmen we can secure."

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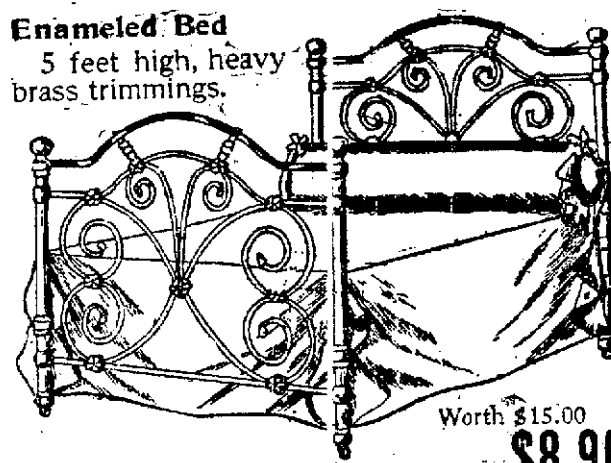
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PATTOSIEN'S GREAT ODDS AND ENDS SALE

CARPETS, FURNITURE, LACE CURTAINS, DRAPERIES and STOVES

More for Your Money and Better Values than Ever Before



Enamelled Bed 5 feet high, heavy brass trimmings.

Worth \$15.00 Now \$8.90

NOTE—All our Mattresses are made in our own factory and are absolutely guaranteed.



Parlor Rocker

Saddle seat, piano polish, large and comfortable, regular \$8.00, now \$6.90

Rockers—One mighty sweep. Some with embossed leather cobbler seats, others with massive polished wood seats.

Former Price Sale Price

\$1.50 Rockers now at \$1.16

\$3.00 Rockers now at \$2.25

\$5.00 Rockers now at \$3.75

\$6.50 Rockers now at \$4.88

\$9.25 Rockers now at \$6.93

This beautiful and odd Extens on Table is of the Mission design. It is four feet in diameter, and can be extended to eight feet. This table is made of finest quartered sawed oak, and a product of our own Mission Furniture Factory. Down town price, \$45.00. Our price \$32.50

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Iron Bed Clearance.

Hundreds of designs which we do not propose to carry another season to be closed out—hundreds of odds and ends to go at prices lower than were ever before quoted.

\$4.50 Iron Beds, now at \$3.45

\$7.75 Iron Beds (see cut), \$5.75

\$10.35 Iron Beds, now at \$7.75

\$13.00 Iron Beds, now at \$9.75

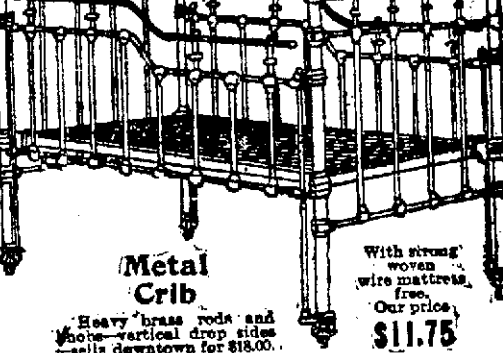
\$35.00 Iron Bed \$26.00

\$110.00 Brass Bed \$85.00

\$115.00 Brass Bed \$82.50

\$75.00 Brass Bed \$56.25

Pretty and Strong Metal Crib



Metal Crib

Heavy brass rods and wire mesh sides. With strong wire mattress. Our price \$11.75

Mattresses and Springs

Best Silver Gray Hair Mattress \$18.00

Hair Mattress \$13.50

Best Silk Floss Mattress \$9.00

Combination Cotton Mattress \$4.50

\$4.00

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THE BEST CARPET HOUSE IN TOWN

And when we say best we mean the best place—the most reasonable place to get any Carpet that is on the market.

Axminsters—Lovely new patterns, standard manufacture, strikingly pretty coloring; regular price, \$1.25; now \$1.00

Superior Axminsters—2,700 yards, just from the mills, in colors and patterns most exquisite; regular price, \$1.20; now \$1.00

Brussels—A choice of the many patterns is the most perplexing thing for you in buying this extra quality floor covering; regular price, 90c; now 75c

Wilton Velvets—A superb product of characteristic beauty and elegance; a lasting weaver; regular price, \$1.25; now 95c

Body Brussels—In this renowned floor covering our immense fall purchase enables us to show a most carefully chosen stock; regular \$1.65 goods; \$1.30 now

Ingalls—The heaviest made, pure wool, close weave and in a variety of new, fall and winter patterns; regular price, 90c; now 65c

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RACING AT EMERYVILLE—SALE OF SINK'S STABLE—FOOTBALL NOTES.

SPORTING NEWS

WHAT THE BOXERS ARE DOING —NOTES AND Gossip FROM VARIOUS CENTERS.

TALENT IS HIT HARD IN HORSES BROUGHT MUNROE WILL BE LAST RACE. GOOD PRICES. EASY.

Heavily Backed Daisy Green Beaten By Kenilworth and Soothsayer.

The racing at Emeryville yesterday afternoon was practically devoid of features. The track was sloppy and the result was that the mud broke up and the horses were plenty of upsets in a mid-way and the form players had a little the worst of the tussle with the bookmakers. There was a large Monday crowd present although there was no event of any importance down for decision and the card was quite an ordinary one.

The hardest blow to the form players occurred in the last race, when Daisy Green was placed for a sure thing. The Pollanese entry had Hildebrand up and it was thought to have the race clinched in the kind of going that prevailed and with such horses as Kenilworth, Soothsayer and Nimitz, who have not shown any fondness for mud. The result was that Daisy Green opened at 4 to 5 and closed at the same price, there being a heavy play on the mare and in some books she was backed down to 3 to 5.

The distance was a mile and seventy yards and the winner turned up in Soothsayer, who was ridden by a jockey thought to be able to last the distance. The big horse had the speed and managed to last long enough to beat the fast Kenilworth by a head. The latter ran a splendid race and closed very fast. Had the distance been a few yards further he would have been first. Daisy Green, the favorite, finished third, two and a half lengths behind Soothsayer and eight lengths ahead of Nimitz, who never came any nearer in the race.

The first race of the day went to Kenilworth, a mile to one shot, who beat Duncannon out at the wire. Many of the spectators thought that Duncannon was the better horse, but the judges decided otherwise. Kenilworth was ridden by H. Spencer, better known as the "Gentleman" who has figured in more eye-biting duels than any jockey in America, and who has his powerful finish that landed Central first, the simply controlled Pole. The start was a miserable one, Duncannon and Kenilworth at the post and the latter, the favorite, was as good as left.

The second race was a two-year-old scramble over a three and a half furlong course, in which Marie J. was substituted for the favorite at 8 to 5. The race was not there with the good thing she does not like the mud and tried badly, losing first at 2 to 1 and Arline was third.

In the third race, with Daisy Green, Soothsayer and Nimitz, the latter was made an odds on favorite at 2 to 1. Just before the horses went to the post and that horse was backed down from 2 to 1 to 1. At the half mile pole Daisy Green took the lead and when they turned into the stretch she had a good lead of three lengths. The favorite, Hildebrand, took Annulet through on the rail, saving a world of ground and winning the race. Daisy Green was second and Goddess of Night third.

Jail Fountain's Mollie was a runaway race of the mile and a half, selling number. The horse has been afflicted with rheumatism and the slushy going was just his luck. Kenilworth, the mount and placed the favorite at 2 to 1. The favorite, Hildebrand, took Annulet through on the rail, saving a world of ground and winning the race. Daisy Green was second and Goddess of Night third.

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WILLIE SINK SELLS HIS RACING STABLE AT AUCTION.

The racing stable of W. B. Sink Jr. was sold at auction last evening at the Occidental Horse Exchange in San Francisco and for the most part the thoroughbreds brought good prices, the crack 3-year-olds, F. E. Shaw and The Fog, bringing the most money.

Sink, who is known to the racing world by no other name than Willie Sink, was given the position of trainer for a large stable in France at a salary of \$12,000, and as he felt that he could do better there than here, accepted and this necessitated the selling of his stable of racers.

There was a large crowd on hand to bid on the horses and F. E. Shaw was the most fancied. He was finally knocked down to "Buckley" for \$10,000.

"Boots" Dunnell secured The Fog for \$2,500. He came all the way from Los Angeles for that purpose and was not to be denied.

J. M. McAllister secured Wiggins for \$250. She is a half-sister of St. Calisto, a winner of twenty-two races. Rose Farr went to the bid of F. G. Reynolds for \$1,500. The well-known gelding, Glen, owned by St. Carlos, was brought down to \$1,500. Don Cameron secured him at that figure.

Colhurst, a clever racehorse in his day, but now somewhat of a "pacer," brought \$150. J. W. Palmer paid \$150 for the speedy 3-year-old St. Winifred. The same buyer obtained Impromptu for \$250. He is not a sound horse, which accounts for his not bringing a better price. This was knocked down to J. Murray for \$500. The Mist was cured by Don Cameron with a bid of \$200. This rule was made by The Fog, and was bred by Vinco Pontatowski.

JEFFRIES THINKS SHARKEY WILL BEAT MUNROE VERY EASILY.

Champion Jeffries does not seem to think much of the Montana miner, Jack Munroe, as a fighter and thinks that Tom Sharkey will have an easy time of it when he meets the Butte giant. While in New York recently the champion was interviewed on the subject of the Munroe-Sharkey fight and the probable outcome. Jeff had the following to say about it:

"Unless Jack Munroe has improved a great deal since he met me in Butte, I think he will prove an easy victim for Tom Sharkey when they come together. I am familiar with Sharkey's methods, having fought him 26 rounds and I think I know Munroe's weak points as well as his strong ones. Munroe's battles with Fater Maher and Limerick, both of which he won, I do not take seriously. In fact, one cannot express an opinion as a result of his showing in these bouts, as the men were of little class. Munroe is unquestionably all out, and as for Limerick, he showed that he was a little more than a novice.

"Notwithstanding he reports of Munroe and his improvement, it will take him a long time to dispose of a man like Sharkey, and if the sailor fights him in a proper manner, he will surely win. I don't mean to say Sharkey is such a great fighter or a clever boxer. He is neither, but he is nevertheless a pretty tough proposition. He can stand a terrible punching and he always has a wallop at his command which is sure to do damage whenever it reaches its mark. A right to the jaw will be easy to and on Munroe and it will surely put him out.

"Let Sharkey send a couple of his wallops to Munroe's stomach and I guess that will take the steam out of him. Munroe is not developed to any great extent around the body and a blow there will have great effect. It will weaken him to such an extent that the right swing on the jaw will put him to sleep.

"Sharkey can land either of these blows. Munroe has little or no defense. He is by no means a finished fighter, and when he is trying to land a blow, he invariably forgets to cover himself up. Actually there is nothing for Sharkey to do but to take advantage of the opening.

"Munroe has his new had any hard battles to fit him for such a hard game as Sharkey, while Sharkey has had as much experience as any of the heavy weights. As I say, Sharkey is not clever, in fact, he is awkward, and this fact makes it all the more difficult for an opponent to land on him, and at the same time it makes him a dangerous antagonist, one who is swinging dangerous rights and lefts which are to cause damage if they score.

"Munroe would be an easy victim for a straight jab, but this is one blow that Sharkey seldom uses. This is because the scrapper does not believe there is enough force in the straight left jab. He prefers a swing or a left which is backed up by the force of his body and shoulders, which comes forward with the swing.

WILL FIGHT FOR HONORS.

SIX AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIPS TO BE SETTLED TONIGHT.

Tonight at Mechanics Pavilion in San Francisco six amateur championships will be settled under the auspices of the Lincoln Athletic Club, and, judging from the advance sale of seats, there will be one of the largest crowds, ever seen at an amateur show, present. It has been a long time since such a card has been offered to the public. There is not one of the dozen contestants who is not a top-notch in his class.

There is a further incentive than the mere title of contest champion for the winners of each contest for the outcome of each bout determines who will be sent to St. Louis to represent the Pacific Coast in the boxing tournament for the amateur championship of the world.

Referee Eddie Graney is to officiate as third man in the ring and he has promised to wear his famous Tuxedo suit. Big Sam Berger and George Sullivan head the list, and their battle for the heavy weight honor is looked for eagerly by the followers of the game. The middle weight championship will be argued by George Murray and William Stewart. Joe Thomas and George Peterson are out for the welter weight title, and Bob Dundie and Jack Burke are after the light. Among the little fellows there are Abe Labal and Al. Elkins for the feather, and Jack Bowles and Joe Kelly for the bantam.

MAY MEET DAVE SULLIVAN.

YOUNG CORBETT DICKERING FOR FIGHT BEFORE MEETING BRITT.

It is quite within the range of possibility that Young Corbett will be seen in action again in San Francisco before his coming match with James Edward Britt on March 11. A dispatch from New York yesterday, stated that Dave Sullivan, the conqueror of Jimmy Briggs, had been matched with the little champion. The dispatch is as follows:

"The success of Dave Sullivan over Jimmy Briggs of Boston the other night has encouraged him to seek high game. It is understood that Sullivan has received word that Young Corbett, whom he has been anxious to meet, has finally consented to take him on, the battle to take place at San Francisco before Corbett's match with Jimmy Britt. Sullivan declares that everything has been settled relative to the bout except the selection of the club. The date is February 22. Britt and Corbett are scheduled to have it out on March 11, and whether Britt will permit Corbett to meet someone else in the meantime is a question. Sullivan will leave for San Francisco a few days to go ahead with the encounter. He has over a month in which to get into trim. Sullivan is in fine trim and does not need more than a month at least to prepare for the champion.

Nothing will be known in San Francisco as to fight permit until Thursday and therefore the reputed match between Sullivan and Young Corbett, by no means settled, is true that the Denver boy has been dickering for a match with Sullivan and it is said that heavy losses at the race track has run him short of cash and that he is anxious to get an easy match to recoup lost his bank roll. If he is really matched with Sullivan, it must necessarily be conditional on the granting of a permit.

It will also depend on what Britt may say as to whether he will permit Corbett to arrange another match prior to the one with him. Dave Sullivan may have improved considerably but it is hardly likely that he is any match for the champion and such a contest would not be a great "raving" in view of the fact that the Britt-Young Corbett fight takes place only a month later.

ATTELL AND FORBES SIGN ARTICLES.

CHICAGO, January 19.—Abe Attell and Harry Forbes have signed articles of agreement for a twenty-round fight to settle their recent draw at Indianapolis. According to the last agreement the men are to meet at 120 pounds ringside with the understanding that the winner lay claim to the legitimate featherweight championship.

The time and place for holding the contest have not yet been decided upon.

PIRATES TO PLAY RETURN GAME.

The Pirates of Twenty-third avenue will play another game of association football with a team from the Seaman's Institute in San Francisco, Saturday, January 30, on the grounds at Buena Vista. Forfar Thompson has come into the position of goal keeper. Coach Patullo is putting the finishing touches on the team and expects the Pirates to put up a great game. Green Orch will occupy the position as right wing and Bill Walker will play half-back.

PRISONER DIES FROM WOUNDS.

DETROIT, Mich., January 19.—C. L. Warren, awaiting trial at Fort Wayne for desertion from Company G, First United States Infantry, died yesterday from bullet wounds received yesterday while trying to escape. Warren and another prisoner named Richardson, also awaiting trial for desertion, made a dash from guard Stanford while they were returning from fatigue duty. The guard fired and brought down Warren with two bullets in the back. Richardson escaped, but was captured later.

TRAVEL INTERRUPTED.

BOSTON, January 19.—Railway travel was again badly interrupted today owing to the recurrence of the extremely cold weather. At 8 o'clock this morning the temperature was below in this city. In Northern New England, during the night the mercury stood at 20 below and even lower at some points.

Trade Magazine

On the Square "In fact"

YOUR OWNED IT IS DOWN

The Regal

A Range Without a Peer. Will save its cost in fuel. Every Part Guaranteed.

CORDS

FURNITURE CO.

245-259 GEARY ST.

THE FUTURE OF TWO BOYS WERE MUST PROCURE A LICENSE.

MAYOR OLNEY AND GEN. WOOD RUFF DISCUSS SUBJECT AT BANQUET.

PROMINENT ATHLETES FIGURE IN LIFE SAVING DEED.

CHIEF OF POLICE O'NEIL ON THE STAND AT INQUEST.

At the thirteenth annual banquet last night of the Unitarian Club of California, there was a discussion of the subject, "The Future of War." Among the speakers was Mayor Warren Olney of this city, who, among other things, said:

"During the last twenty-five years we have abolished hell in the future life," said Mayor Olney. "But war is hell. Within the next twenty-five years war will have become obsolete. There are three reasons for this. First, the growth of civilization; second, the cost of war; third, the improvement in arms. The military profession is a protection to society. I am not criticizing those who have chosen it. I serve in the Civil War myself. But I wish to say that the ever improvement has been made in the world has been made in spite of war, not because of it. War is barbarism itself. If we have war it will be because we are attacked, but because we infringe upon the rights of some other people. The instruments of warfare have made the contest less spectacular, more prolonged, longer with unseen foes. It took 250,000 English to overcome 10,000 Boers by modern warfare, and how did they do it? Now we see nations slowly agreeing to arbitrate."

General Woodruff championed the military and among other things, said: "More persons have been killed in railroad accidents in the United States since the Civil War than were killed in that conflict. And what has our country done? We have a great territory of Louisiana, Texas, California, Arizona, New Mexico, freedom for Cuba, possession of Porto Rico and the great territory of Louisiana. We are a nation of peace and we are not making peace. We are preparing for war on land and sea. And the nation that does that is in a position to avoid war. The other one is not. We are being prepared."

Keller's Half-Price Sale saves you money.

MISSING TICKETS ARE FOUND.

About 700 ferry tickets issued by the Southern Pacific Company were found by Frank Schmidt of 921 Twenty-fourth street, this morning in the doorway of William's grocery store, at the corner of Bush street and San Pablo avenue. The tickets are said to be a portion of the 9000 which were stolen from the West End station in Alameda two months ago. Whether the tickets were thrown in the doorway or were lost it is not known. Railroad detectives have been making great efforts to locate the thief who broke into the West End, but without success.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. To get the genuine, call for the full name, Bie.

Keller's Half-Price Sale saves you money.

Dr. Hoff's Celebrated Eucalyptus Cough Drops

For coughs, cold in the head, sore throat, hoarseness, etc., 5 cents a package. Kelly's Candy Store, 1657 Washington street, Oakland agents.

One Hundred Treasures

Kitchen Tables given away during our Clearance Sale. Call and see our mode of making you a present. Each table on casters, containing two bread boards, two small drawers, two floor boards. The best table in the market today. Corner store, 11th st. The old reliable H. Schell has. "See him."

GUNN SECTIONAL BOOK CASES DESKS.

"Gunn"

A

at one shot brings down

Good Quality Low Price

SPECIAL SALE

of Desks for sixty days, commencing January 2d. All prices marked in plain figures at great reduction.

Geo. H. Fuller Desk Co.

646-50 Mission St. SAN FRANCISCO.

Simple Simon.

Here we see Simple Simon. You remember he met a Pieman. Were the Pieman's Pies made with Cottolene? Oh, no; that was long ago, before Cottolene had ever been heard of. Then the Pieman's Pies were made of Lard? They were. They must have been Heavy, Hard and very unpleasant eating. They were. Did Simple Simon eat them? He did. That is why they call him Simple Simon. Poor fellow! In his day there was no Cottolene, but now "Cottolene covers a multitude of Pies."

Cottolene will be found at good grocers. Sold only in sealed tins. 28-page Cottolene Primer, illustrated in colors, from which above is one page, sent free on request.

Made only by THE N. E. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Dept. 264 CHICAGO.